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# MUSIC-READER

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS

# BOOK THIRD

A PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF LESSONS IN FOUR BOOKS
DIVIDED INTO EIGHT GRADES

BY

# BENJAMIN JEPSON

SUPERVISOR OF MUSIC IN THE NEW HAVEN PUBLIC SCHOOLS



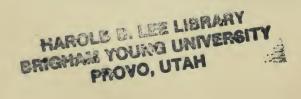
NEW YORK ·:· CINCINNATI ·:· CHICAGO

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY

# INDEX TO SIGNS.

- \* Indicates written and composed for this work.
- ① Indicates composed for this work.
- † Indicates arranged for this work.

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# INTRODUCTION.

As a knowledge of the treble and bass clefs is equally desirable, the exercises on the bass clef, have been written so as to bring them within the compass of youthful voices. Children singing on the treble clef do not of course change pitch for a corresponding key on the bass clef, so that the practice referred to, affords a double advantage in the fact that the pupils learn to read bass while in reality they are singing treble.

Particular attention is called to the instructions throughout this work under the head of "General Exercises" for the cultivation of solo, duet, and trio singing. The study of music in schools, can only be placed on a par with other branches, by the development of individual effort and responsibility on the part of pupils; hence it is useless for teachers of music to complain of unjust discrimination in reference to other studies, so long as they neglect this part of their work.

Under the head of "Chord Practice," the major, minor, and diminished triads in C, are arranged in simple form at the head of each chapter, to be sung in their various positions, by three divisions of the class. It is believed that these exercises will materially facilitate the practice in "Three Part Music" introduced in Grade Six.

Valuable contributions of words and music respectively, by Mrs. E. Wiswell Platt, and Mrs. Kate M. Preston, are herewith acknowledged.

THE AUTHOR.

GENERAL SUB-DIVISIONS OF BOOK THIRD:

FIFTH GRADE: Two Part Music, Clefs, Varieties of Time.
SIXTH GRADE: Three Part Music, Half Beats, Compound time.

# FIFTH GRADE.

# GENERAL SUBJECTS: TREBLE AND BASS CLEFS, TWO PART MUSIC, VARIETIES OF TIME.

#### ORDER OF TOPICS.

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# FIFTH GRADE

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# CHAPTER I.

CLEFS.

The difference in pitch between ladies and gentlemen's voices is an octave, or eight notes.

Children's voices are like ladies voices.

Gentlemen must sing *eight* of the scale in order to bring their voices in unison with ladies singing *one*.

The word unison means alike.

1

EXAMPLE.



Do Re Mi Fa Sol La Si Do Re Mi Fa Sol La Si Do.

The difference in pitch between ladies' and gentlemen's voices is indicated by the *Treble and Bass Clefs*.

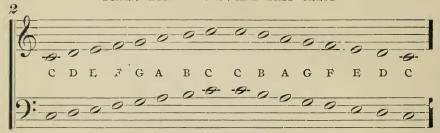
The part for ladies' voices is indicated by the sign of the Treble Clef

The order of letters fixed by the treble clef is *C* on the added *line below*; the other letters following in regular order.

The part for gentlemen's voices is indicated by the sign of the **Bass Clef** 

The order of letters fixed by the bass clef is *C* in the second space, the other letters following in regular order.

#### SCALE WITH TREBLE AND BASS CLEFS.



## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O. Dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences, by syllable in all keys on Bass Clef. Choir singing and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Draw two staves on the blackboard (see example), write *one* or Do in the scale of C, on the added line between the two staves, and request class to sing it, (excusing boys whose voices have changed.)

Let the teacher (if a gentleman) sound one or Do with the class, and call attention to the difference in pitch.

Let the class repeat the same sound, the teacher singing *eight* of the scale, and then calling attention to the *agreement* in pitch.

Explain that this note being really eight for the gentlemen, one is situated an octave lower.

Proceed then to find one of the gentlemen's scale, by singing downward to C, writing each new note on the staff as it is sung.

Explain that as two staves are needed to contain the two scales for ladies and gentlemen, so also two signs are needed to show when C is written on the added line below, and when in the second space.

Explain that these signs are named respectively, Treble and Bass clefs.

Explain also that the treble and bass clefs are known as the G and F clefs.

Before commencing practice on the the clefs, let it be thoroughly understood by the class that the difference in pitch between ladies' and gentlemen's voices, is an octave or eight notes, and that ladies' and children's voices are alike in pitch.

It is *important* at this point to explain to the boys, that sooner or later their voices will undergo a change, but that they will ultimately eome back to them in a new form; otherwise boys become discouraged for lack of information, and lose all interest in singing.

During maturation, boys voices should not be unduly exercised; encourage them to sing what few notes they can, without straining. In any ease require the best of attention during the singing lessons, and insist upon perfect recitations in written exercises, and all that pertains to theory.

Let the dictation exercises be on the bass clef.

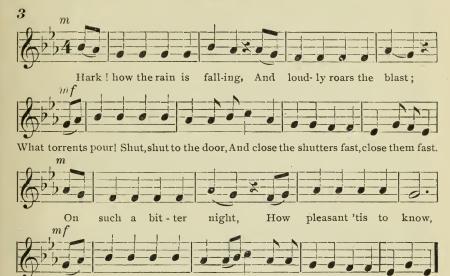
Throughout this grade make use of the expression marks, p, f, m, mp, mf, ff, pp.

Organize the school with *choirs of eight voices*, (in mixed classes, four boys and four girls,) listen to one choir each day during the first two terms of the year, at the commencement of the third term (having ascertained who the singers really are,) reorganize the choirs for *Solo* and *Duet* practice as the case may be.

3

#### EXERCISES ON THE TREBLE CLEF.

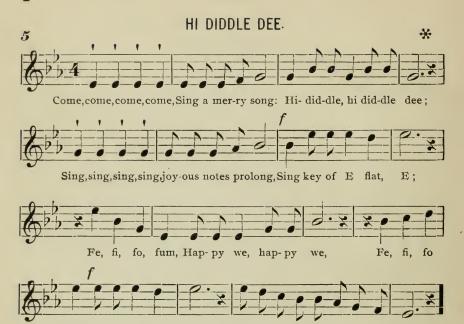
## STORMY WINDS.



In safety here, we've naught to fear, Tho' the stormy winds do blow, blow, blow.



fum, key of E flat,



Tra la la la la la

1a.

E:

# CHAPTER II.

#### BASS CLEF.

The scale on the Bass Clef may be *extended* above and below the eight sounds, the same as on the treble clef.

Double p (pp) stands for pianissimo, and means very soft. Double f (ff) stands for fortissimo, and means very loud.



## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, practicing scale number with vowel O. Dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass clef. Choir singing and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Illustrate on the blackboard that the scale on the bass clef, may be extended above and below in the same manner as on the treble clef.

Explain that practice on the bass, for girls and boys is simply for the purpose of learning to read on that clef, that in reality, gentlemen practicing on the treble clef sing bass, while ladies and children practicing on the bass clef really sing treble.

To facilitate practice let the exercises on bass clef be ordinarily about the same compass as heretofore on the treble clef.

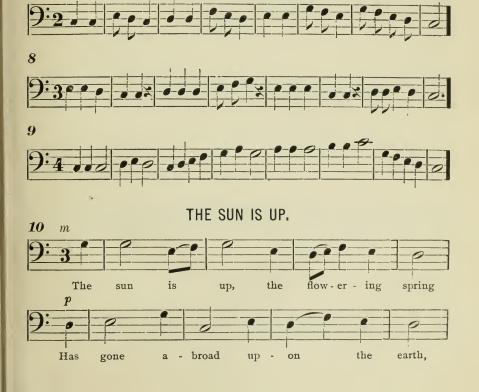
Let the dictation exercises be on the bass clef.

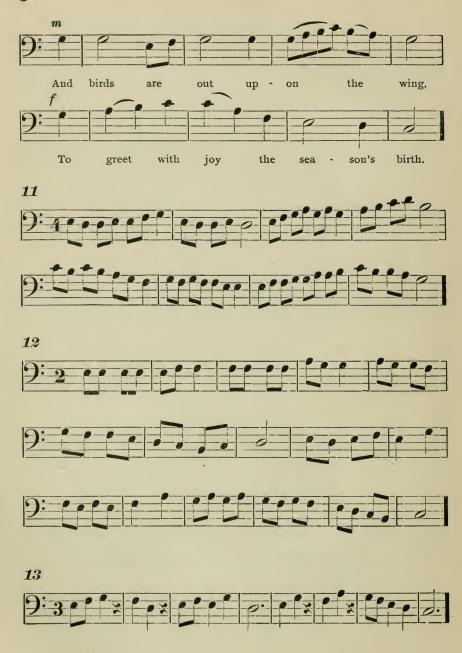
Dictate the following note words for the class to write: Adage, baggage, cabbage, caged, deface, efface, facade, accede.

Introduce pianissimo, (pp) and fortissimo, (ff).

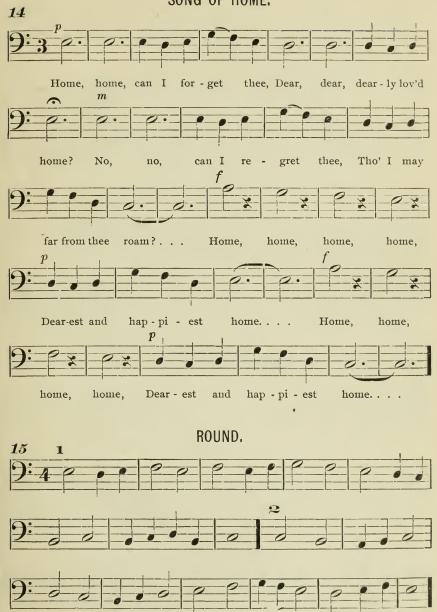
The following exercises to be read by interval and letter, and sung with different degrees of expression, using ff sparingly if at all.

EXERCISES ON BASS CLEF, KEY OF C.





# SONG OF HOME.





Sweet rest de - scends on all. Good - night! Good-night!

# CHAPTER III.

#### TWO PART MUSIC.

Music may be written in one, two, three, four or more parts.

A piece written for a single voice is called a Solo.

A piece written for two voices is called a Duet.

A piece written for many voices is called a Chorus.

A *Score* is the name given to the number of parts to be sung together.

The double line uniting the parts at the commencement of a piece of music, is called the *score line*.

An exercise without words is called a Solfeggio.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with syllable La. Dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys, on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

**EXPLANATORY.**—Practice each part separately before singing them together. Make two divisions of the school, each division practicing both parts in turn. Let boys and girls practice both parts equally.

Number the scholars around the room alternately, one, two, one, two, each number in turn to sing both parts; the choirs may also practice in the same way,

Read the following exercises by interval and letter, and sing them with different degrees of expression.

#### EXERCISES IN TWO PARTS.







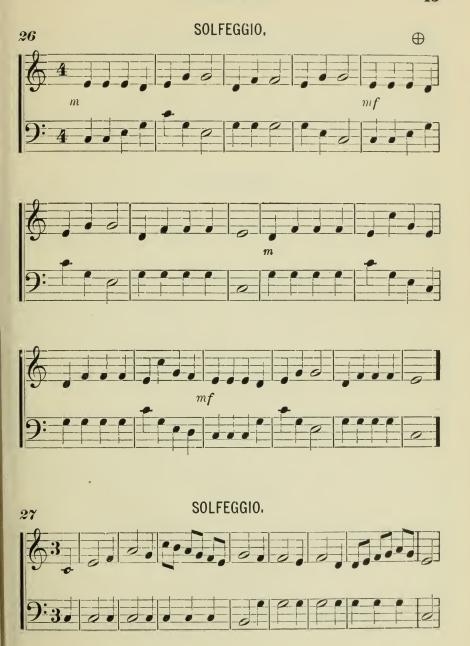










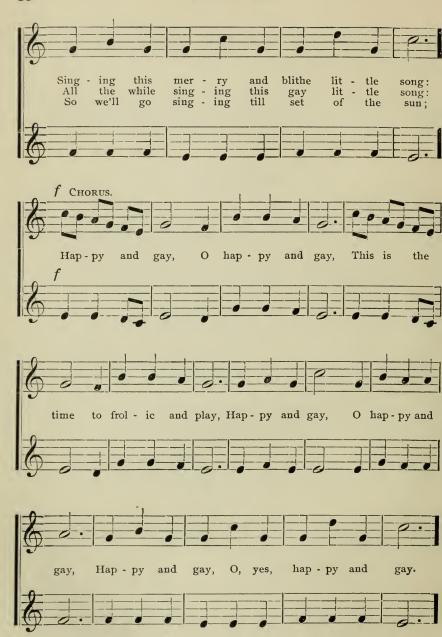












# CHAPTER IV.

BASS CLEF.

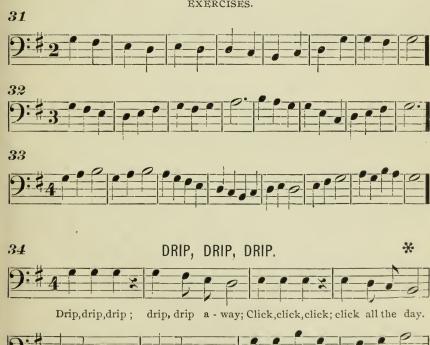
#### KEYS OF G AND D.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O. Dictation exercises. locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable in all keys on Bass clef. Choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.-Read the following exercises by interval and letter, and sing with different degrees of expression.

#### EXERCISES.



Pond'rous mill wheel, slowly turn-ing, Ev- er turn-ing,

18 BASS CLEF.







The pretty, pretty birds, the merry, merry birds, That glance from tree to tree,



May sing, sing a-way the live-long day, Then wherefore may not we?

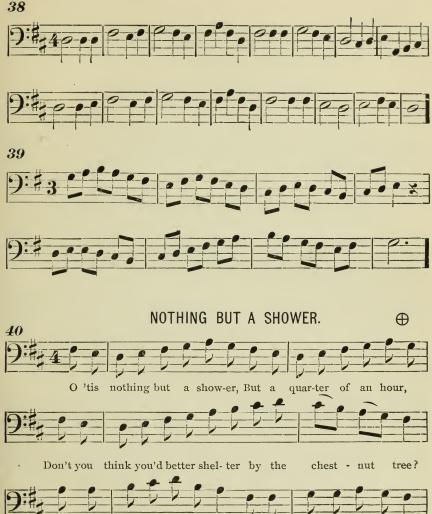


The finny, finny tribes, the happy, happy tribes, That swim the deep blue sea,



May sport a - way the live - long day, Then wherefore may not we?





wind is blowing sweet, And you've dai - sies at your feet,



pipe, said he. And should you care dance,

# CHAPTER V.

THIRDS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

Scale of thirds with eighth notes.

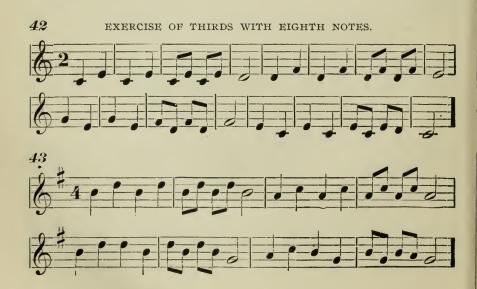


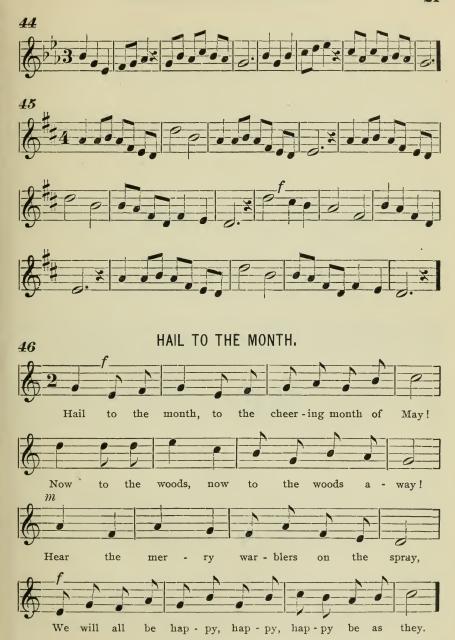
## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

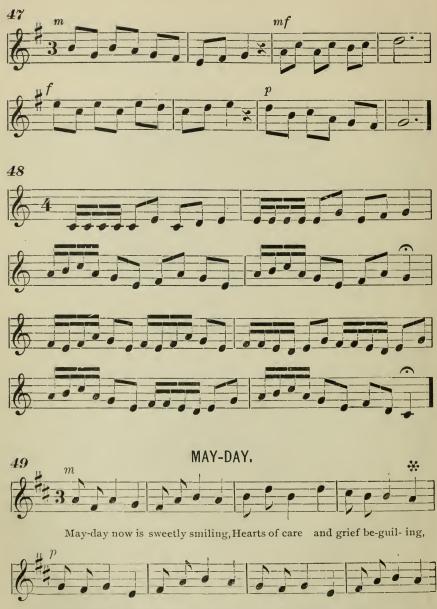
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O. Dictation exercises, locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable in all keys on the bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Practice the scale form above, before proceeding with the exercises. Let the introduction of "thirds with eighth notes" be systematic and thorough, introducing one or more new groups (as, Do, Mi, Mi, Do,) in each succeeding exercise.

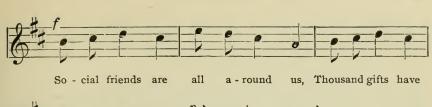
The exercises to be read by letter and interval, and sung with expression.

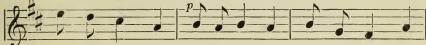






Tuneful choirs their songs are waking, Tones of ech - o gen-tly breaking,





rich - ly crown'd us, Hearken then to what we're say - ing:



Let us quick -ly go a may - ing, Yes, a may - ing let us go.

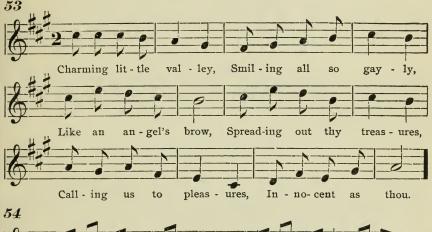








# CHARMING LITTLE VALLEY.





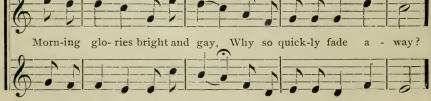




It comes to give us heat and light, How thankful should we be.







# CHAPTER VI.

TIE ACROSS THE BAR.

Two notes in different measures may be joined by placing a Tie across the bar.

SCALE EXERCISE WITH TIES.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

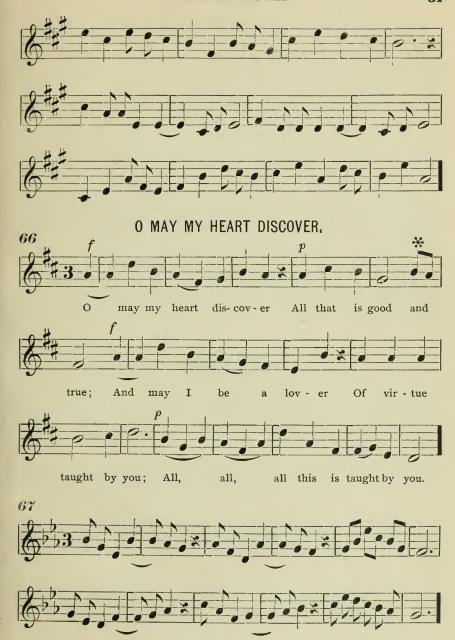
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with the vowel O, dictation exercises, locating letters, note words and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—The following to be read by letter and interval and sung with expression.

EXERCISES.











### CHAPTER VII.

THIRDS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT SLURRED.



## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O, dictation exercises locating letters, note words and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Practice the scale form above, before proceeding with the exercises.

The exercises to be read by letter and interval, and sung with syllables and words.

# 72 72

### SWIFT THE SEASONS.







Bells are ring-ing, Maids are sing-ing, By the vil-lage



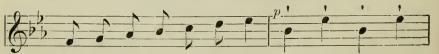
tree; Wreaths and banners fly - ing, Youth in vig - or try-ing,



Wreaths and ban - ners fly - ing, Youth in vig - or try - ing



Ding dong, ding dong, ding dong bell, Ding, ding



Ding, ding, ding, ding dong bell, Ding dong, ding dong,



ding dong bell, Ding, ding, ding, ding, ding, ding dong, Ding, ding, ding dong bell.





# CHAPTER VIII.

VARIETIES OF TIME.

The word equivalent means equal to.

One quarter note or its equivalent may receive a single beat of the measure.



One half note or its equivalent may receive a single beat of the measure.



One eighth note or its equivalent may receive a single beat of the measure.



The use of three different notes, to single beats, gives rise to three varieties in each kind of time.

Varieties of time are distinguished from each other by the use of *two* figures placed one over the other.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.	TRIPLE VARIETIES.	QUADRUPLE VARIETIES.
2 2 2 2 4 8	3 3 3 2 4 8	4 4 4

The upper figure always shows the *number* of *beats* to be given in each measure.

The lower figure always shows the *kind* of *note* (or its equivalent) to be given to each beat; as, 2 for half note, 4 for quarter note, and 8 for eighth note.

The two figures together, show the *number* and *kind* of notes which each measure must contain, as  $\frac{2}{2}$  for two half notes  $\frac{2}{4}$  for two quarter notes,  $\frac{2}{4}$  for two eighth notes.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with the vowel O, dictation exercises locating letters, note words short cadences by syllable in all keys on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—In introducing *varieties* of *time*, let the teacher first sing the three exercises on pages 38 and 39, one after the other.

Question the class to draw out the fact, that while the exercises sound exactly alike, they differ in appearance; and let pupils state in what respect they differ.

Explain that half notes, eighth notes and their equivalents, as well as quarter notes, will hereafter receive a single beat of the measure.

That the use of half, quarter, and eighth notes to single beats, gives rise to three varieties in each kind of time.

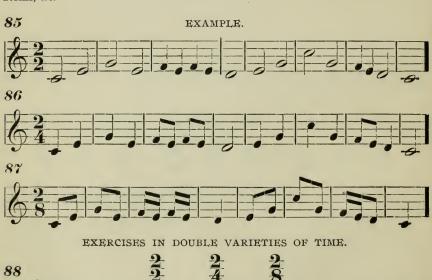
That an additional figure will be added to the *time sign*, to indicate the *kind* of note to be used, thus: 2 for half, 4 for quarter, and 8 for eighth notes.

Question the class, before singing, in reference to the figures at the beginning. Require the class to go through each exercise, and say what each measure contains, whether equivalents, or the exact number of notes indicated by the figures.

The class may spend some time profitably out of school hours in writing as many measures as possible in each variety of time.

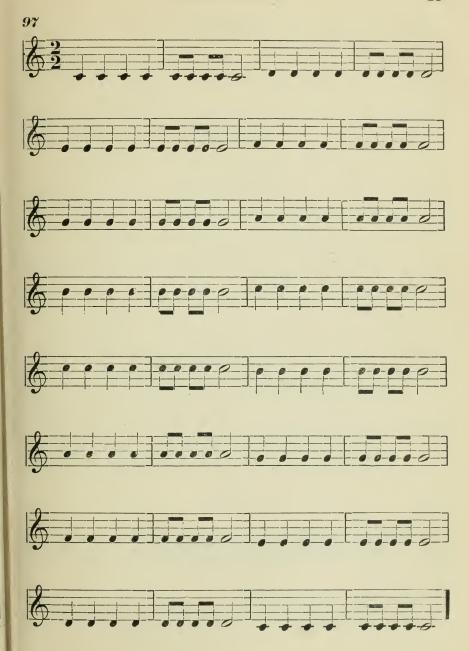
Dictate the following note words to be written by the class on the bass clef: added, bagged, begged, bedded, ceded, defaced, effaced.

Let the teacher introduce on the blackboard the following plan of making a single exercise represent three varieties of time, by filling the heads, adding hooks, stems, &c.

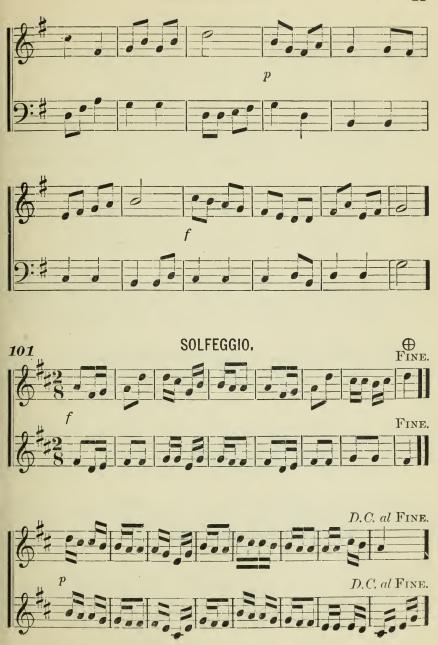














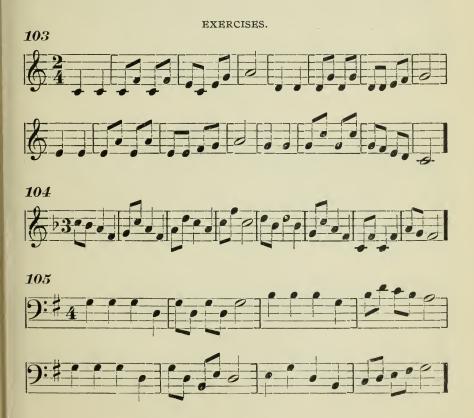
### CHAPTER IX.

FOURTHS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

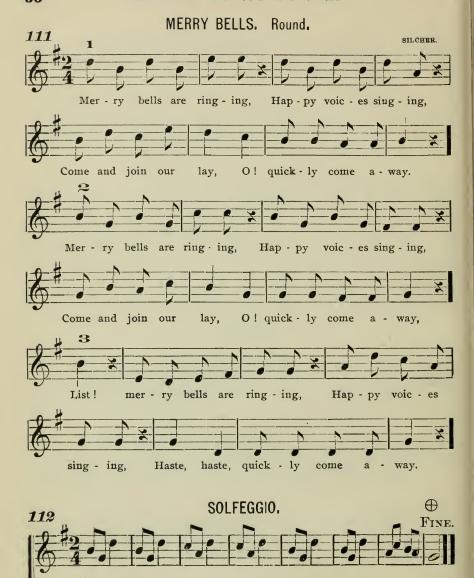
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals with vowel O, dictation of letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Sing by number as heretofore, on the two part exercises. Read each exercise by interval and letter, and sing with different degrees of expression.

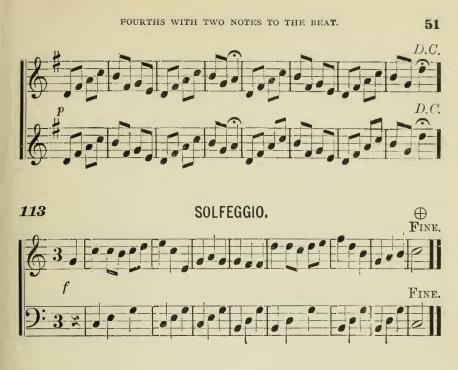








FINE.







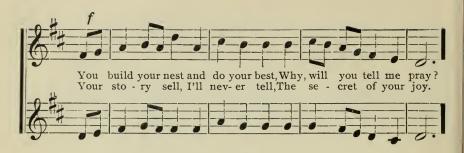












# CHAPTER X.

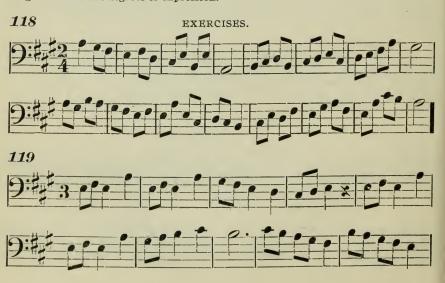
BASS CLEF.

KEYS OF A AND Eb.

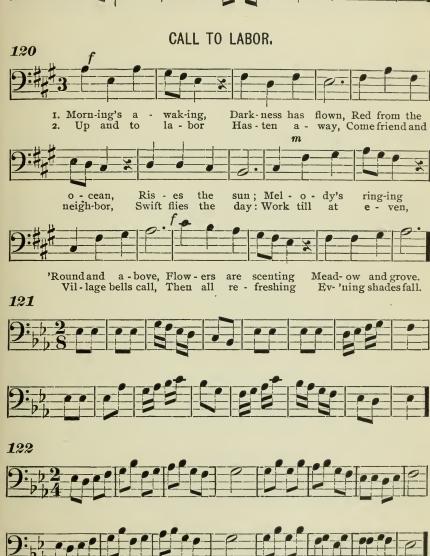
### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with vowel O, dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys, on bass clef, choir singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Read the following exercises by interval and letter, and sing with different degrees of expression.

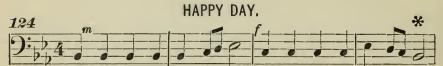




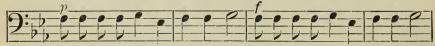


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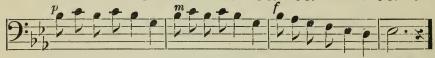




Nowthrough shad-y vale and grove, Joy - ous, hap - py, here we rove;



List-en to the songster's cheerful lay, Hap-py, hap-py children, hap-py day;



Happy, happy songsters, Happy, happy children, Happy, happy day.

\_\_\_\_\_

# CHAPTER XI.

FIFTHS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

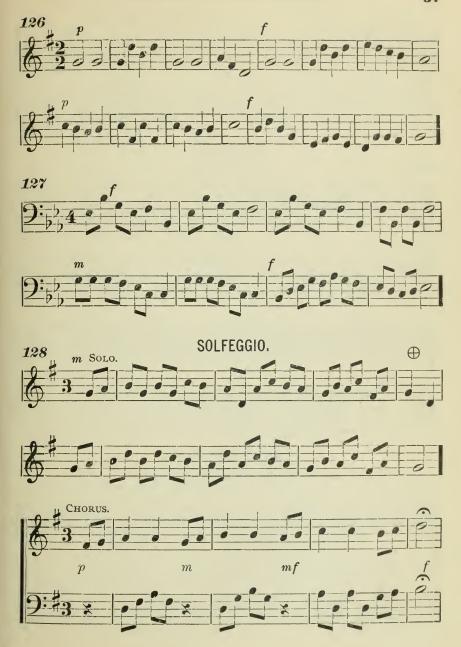
### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

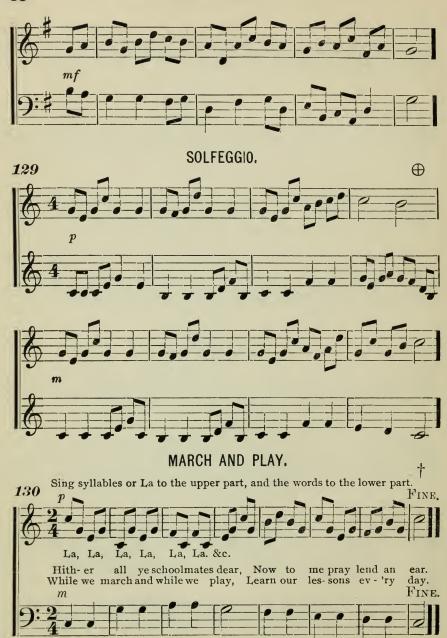
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with the vowel O, dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass clef. Duet singing and questions in theory.

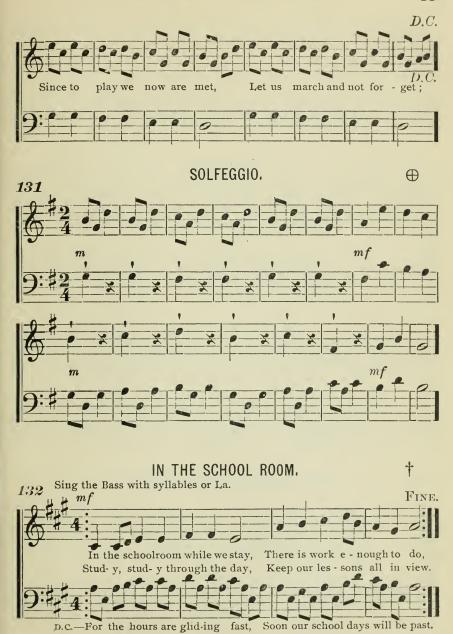
EXPLANATORY.—Introduce Duet singing, selecting easy exercises.

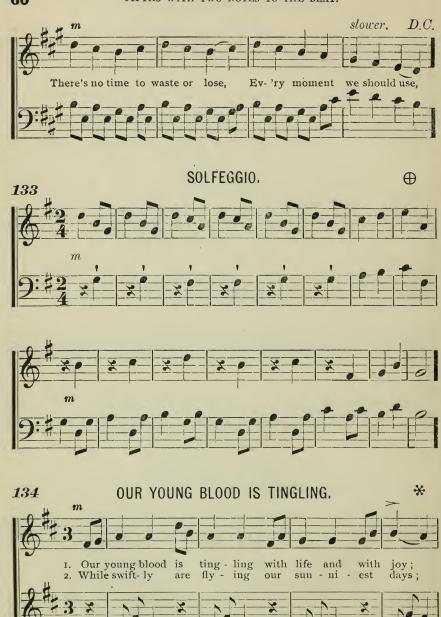
Read the following exercises by interval and letter, and sing with different degrees of expression.



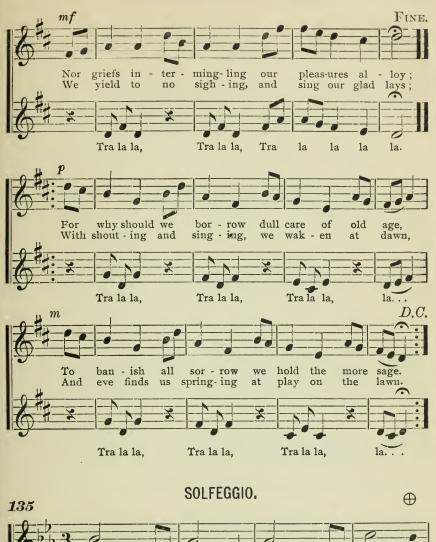




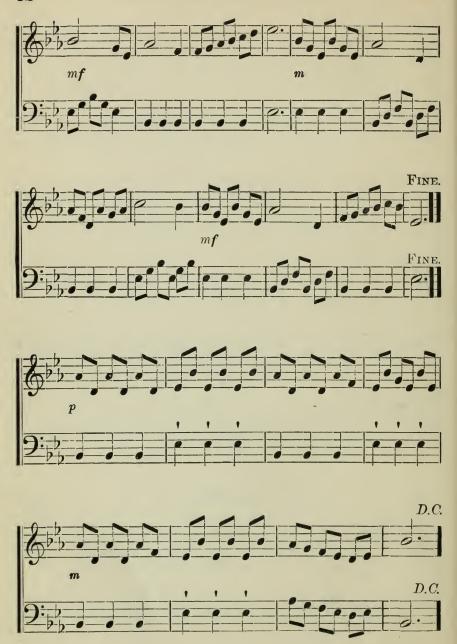




Tra la la,





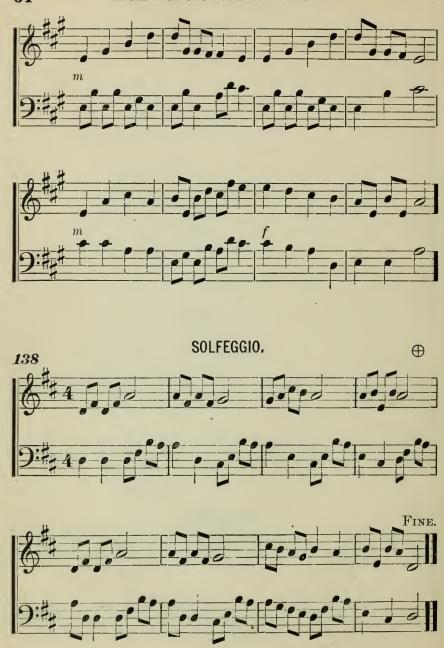


### ROSY MORNING.

136 Sing syllables or La to the 1st part; the words are for the 2d part.

















## CHAPTER XII.

TRIPLE VARIETIES.

3 3 3 2 4 8

A dot placed to the right of any note or rest adds one half to its value.

A dotted whole note, (2.) is equivalent to three half notes,

A dotted half note, (?') is equivalent to three quarter notes,

A dotted quarter note ( ) is equivalent to three eighth notes,

A dotted eighth note (5°) is equivalent to three sixteenth notes, § § 2.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

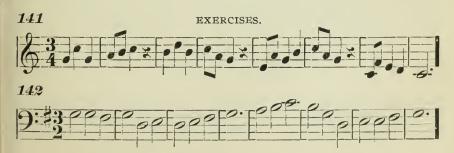
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O, dictation exercises, locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable in all keys on Bass clef. Duet singing, and questions in theory.

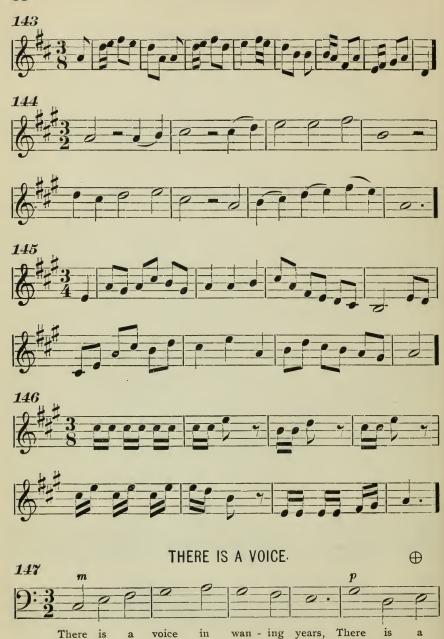
**EXPLANATORY.**—Question class before singing an exercise in reference to the figures at the beginning.

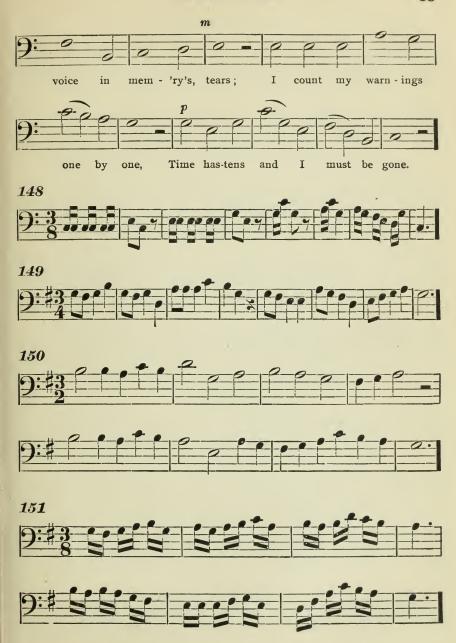
Require class to go through each exercise, and say what each measure contains, whether equivalents, or the exact number of notes indicated by the figures.

Let the class write on blank paper, or slate, as many measures as possible in each variety of time.

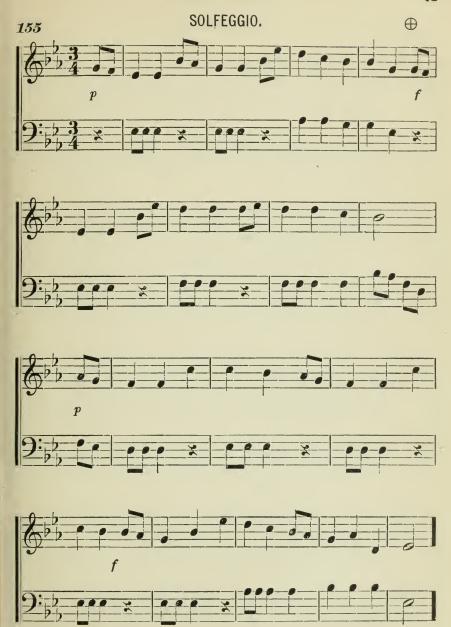
Each exercise to be read by interval and letter, and sung with different degrees of expression.

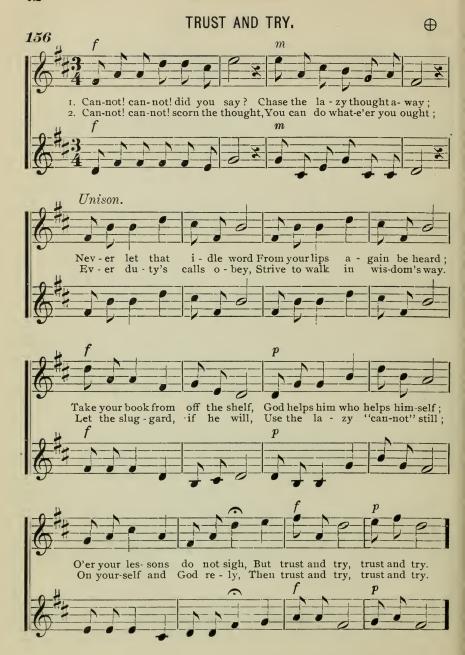


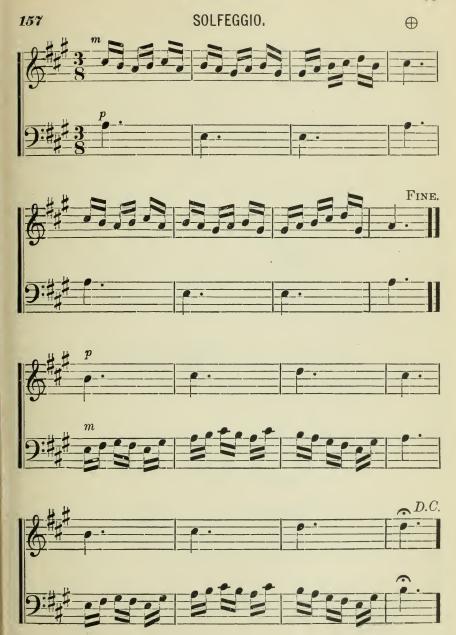


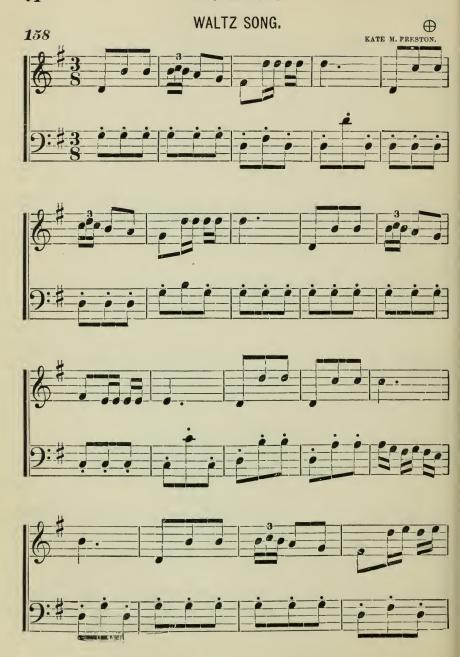


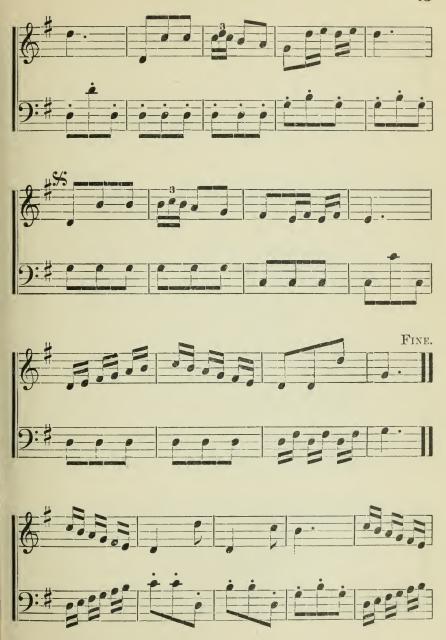




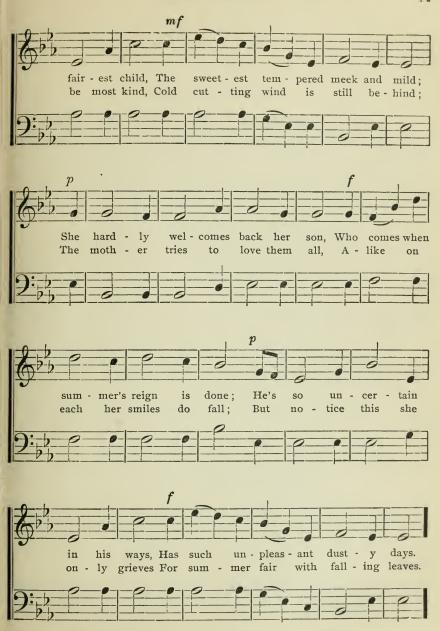












## CHAPTER XIII.

BASS CLEF.

#### KEYS OF F AND Bb.

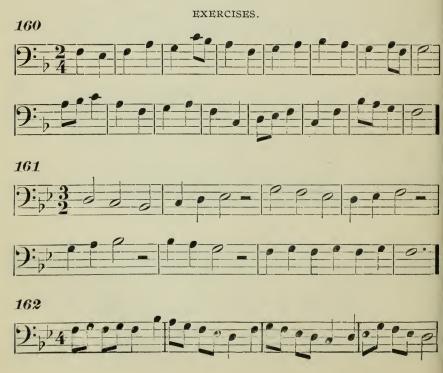
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

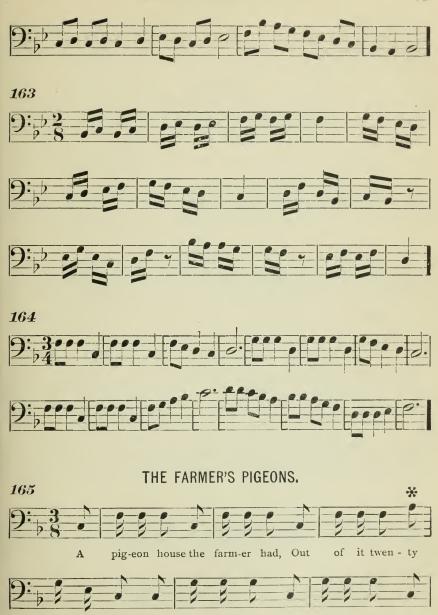
Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O, dictation exercises, locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on the bass clef, duet singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Question the class in reference to the use of two figures, also in regard to the number and kind of notes each measure contains, and continue the practice of forming measures in double and triple varieties of time.

Practice the following exercises, reading each one by interval and letter, and singing with different degrees of expression.

singing with different degrees of expression





pig - eons fled; A pig - eon house the farm-er had, Out















# CHAPTER XIV.

QUADRUPLE VARIETIES.

4 4 4 8

A *Double note* is equivalent in time to two whole notes.

The double note is made with an open head and double lines on either side.

The Sixteenth rest is made with a stem and two hooks 3.

Thirty second and Sixty fourth notes and rests (333) are used chiefly in Instrumental music.

Singing is called Vocal Music.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with the vowel O, dictation exercises, locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable, in all keys on bass elef, duct singing, and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Question class before singing an exercise, in reference to the figures indicating the time.

Dictate the following note words to be written by class on the bass clef: **Baydad**, **decade**, **ebbed**, **edged**, **faded**, **fagged**, **gagged**.

Require class to look through each exercise and say whether each measure contains equivalents or the exact number of notes indicated by the figures.

Let the class write on slate or paper, as many measures as possible in each variety of time.







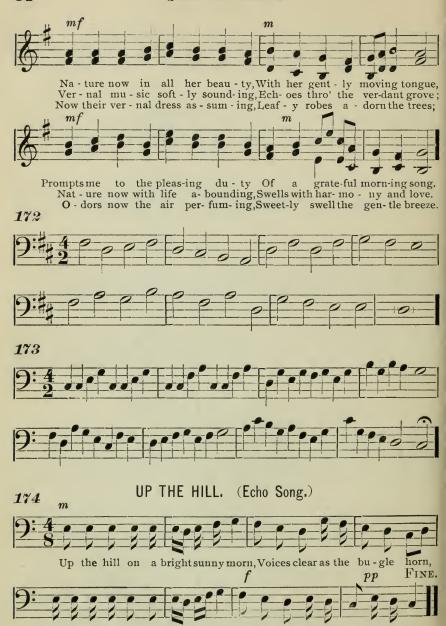
- I. Lo! the bright, the ros y morn-ing Calls me forth to take the air;
- 2. See the ear ly blossoms springing; See the joc und lambkins play;
- 3. Now the kind re fresh-ing showers Wa ter all the plains a-round;



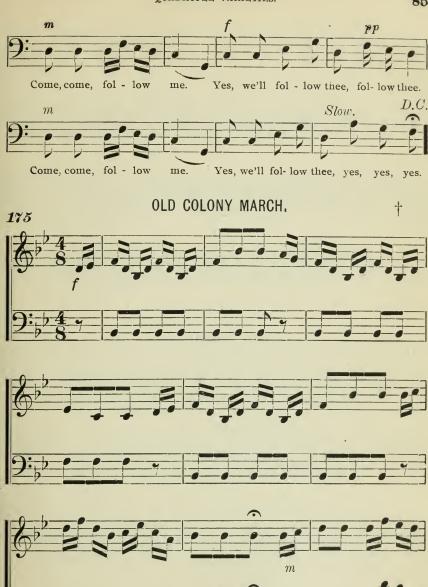
Cheer-ful spring with smiles return-ing Ush - ers in the new-born year.

Hear the lark and lin- net sing-ing Wel-come to the new-born day.

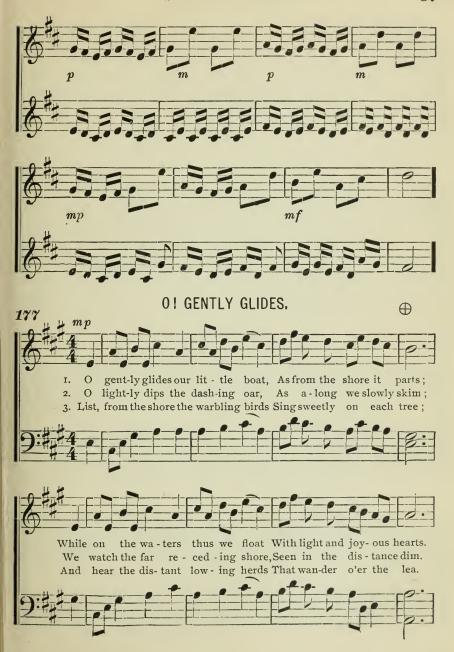
Spring-ing grass and paint-ed flow-ers In the smil-ing meads a - bound.



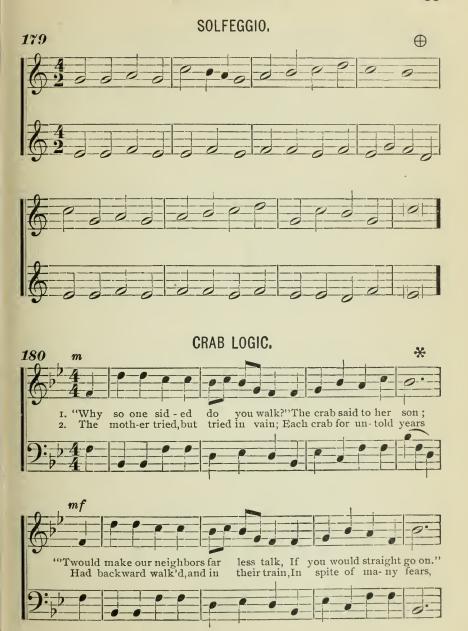
List-en to theech-oes as they flow, Here we go, here we go, here we go,









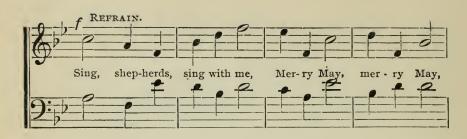


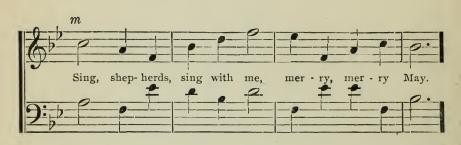










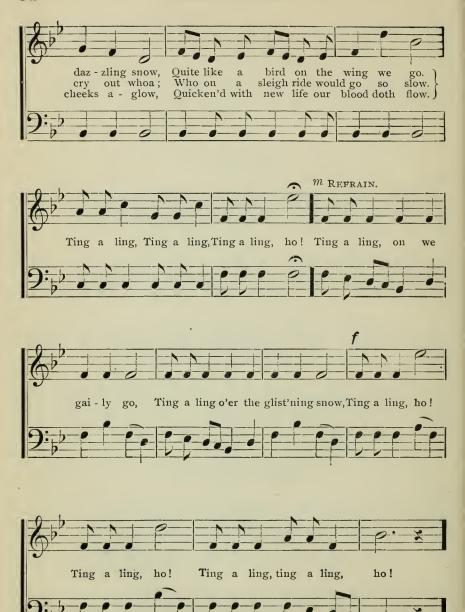












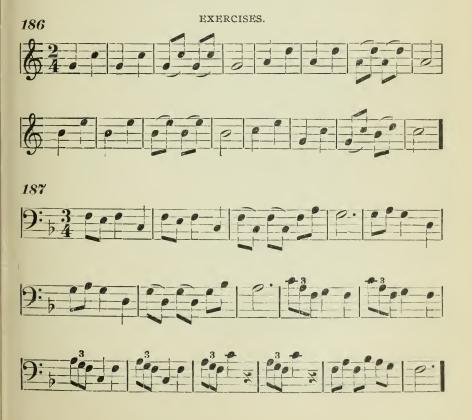
### CHAPTER XV.

FOURTHS AND FIFTHS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT SLURRED.

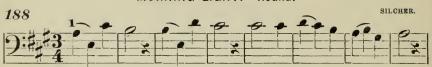
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number with the vowel O, dictation exercises locating letters, note words, and short cadences by syllable in all keys on bass clef, duet singing, and questions in theory.

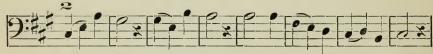
EXPLANATORY.—Practice the following exercises as heretofore, each exercise to be sung at least once without slurs.



### MORNING LIGHT. Round.



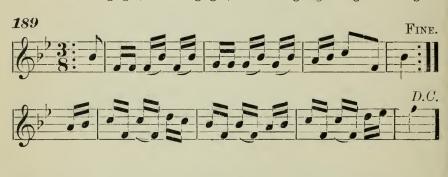
Morn-ing light, morn-ing light, Morn-ing light is gold en bright



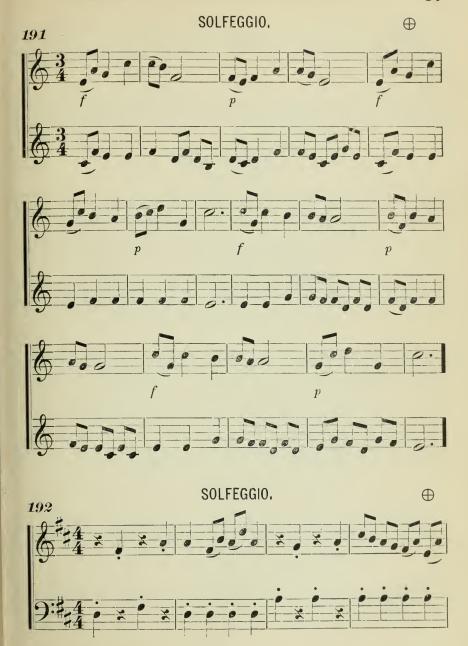
Morn-ing light, morn-ing light, Morn-ing light is gold-en bright.



Morn-ing light, morn-ing light, Morn-ing light is gold - en bright.









Hap-py now are we, Hap-py to be free, Happy now are we to be free,

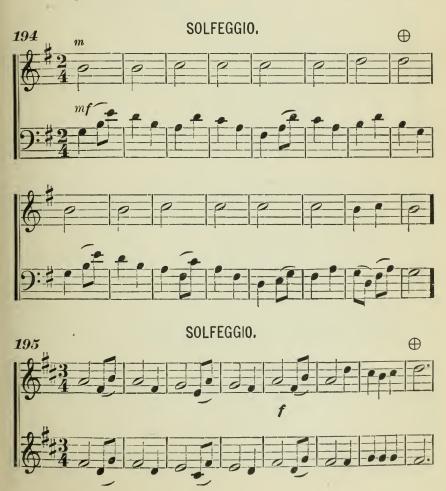
Hap - py,

Hap - py,

Hap - py to be free,



Hap-py now are we, Happy to be free, Happy now are we to be free,





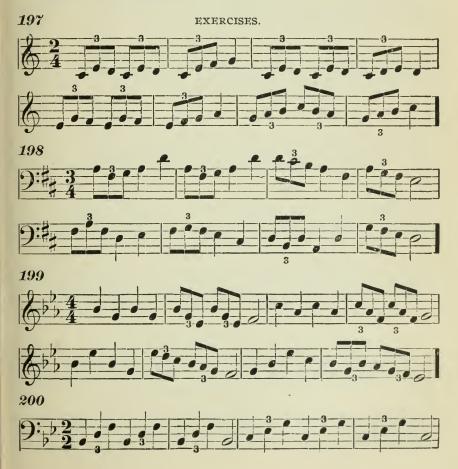
## CHAPTER XVI.

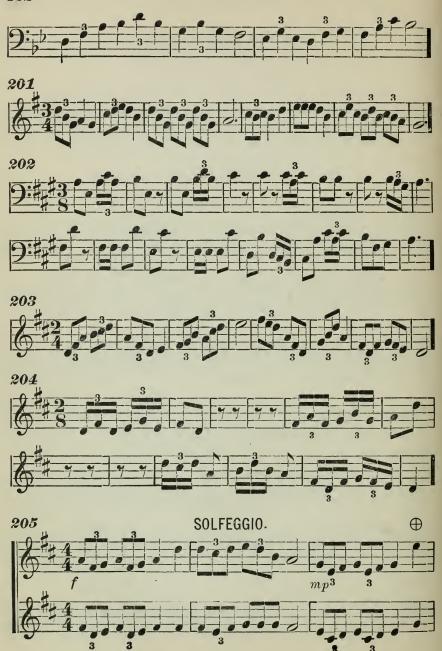
TRIPLETS WITH THIRDS.

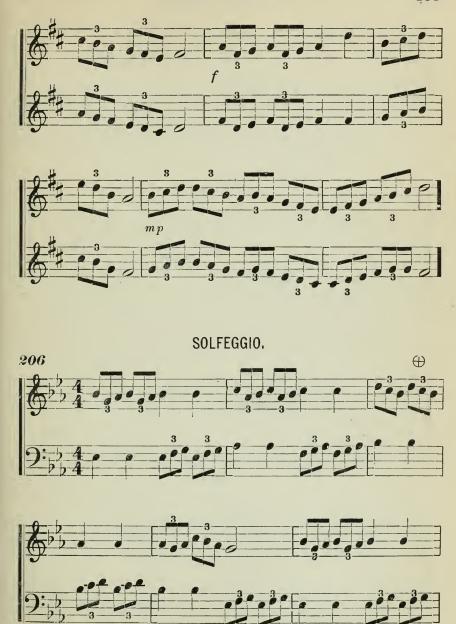
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Beating alternate measures of double, triple, and quadruple time, scale intervals by number, with the vowel O, locating letters, note words, and short cadences, by syllable in all keys on bass clef. Duet singing and questions in theory.

EXPLANATORY.—Each exercise to be practiced as heretofore.

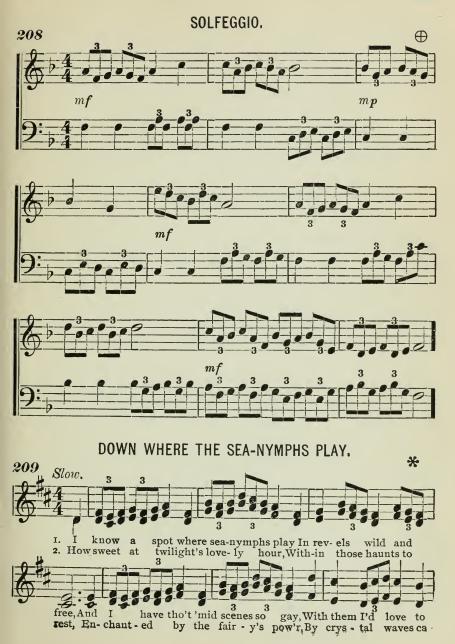


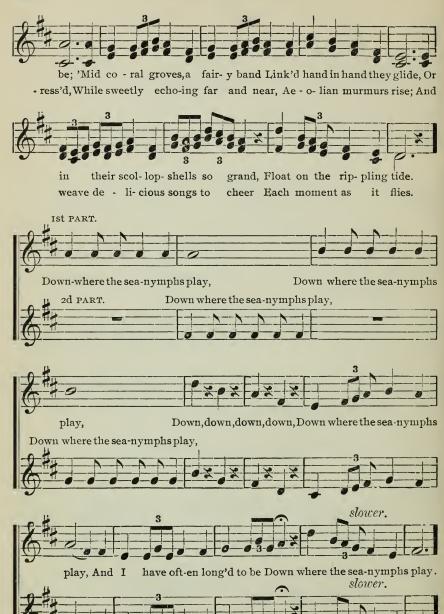












What is the difference of pitch between Ladies and Gentlemen's voices?

What are childrens' voices like?

What number of the scale must gentlemen sing, to bring their voices in unison with ladies singing one of the scale?

What does the word unison mean?

How is the difference in pitch between Ladies and Gentlemen's voices indicated?

By what sign is the part for Ladies' voices indicated? What is the order of letters fixed by the treble clef? 6. 7.

8. By what sign is the part for Gentlemen's voices indicated?
9. What is the order of letters fixed by the bass clef?

How may the scale on the bass clef be extended? For what does double p stand? 10.

11.

For what does double f stand? 12.

- 13. In how many parts may music be written?
- What is a piece written for a single voice called? 14. What is a piece written for two voices called? 15. 16. What is a piece written for many voices called?

What is a score? 17.

What is the double line uniting the parts at the commence-18. ment of a piece of music called?

19. What does the word equivalent mean?

- 20. How much time may one quarter note or its equivalent receive?
- How much time may one half note or its equivalent receive? 22. How much time may one eighth note or its equivalent re-

23. To what does the use of three different notes to beats give rise?

How are varieties of time distinguished from each other? 24.

- 25. Name the varieties of double time, of triple time, of quadruple time?
- 26. What does the upper figure always show? 27.What does the lower figure always show? 28. What do the two figures together show?
- 29. What does a dot placed to the right of any note or rest add? 30.
- To what is a dotted whole note equivalent? 31. To what is a dotted half note equivalent? 32. To what is a dotted quarter note equivalent? 33. To what is a dotted eighth note equivalent?

How is the eighth rest made? 34.

35. To what is a double note equivalent?

36. How is the double note made? 37. How is the Sixteenth rest made?

38. In what kind of music are thirty-second and sixty-fourth notes and rests chiefly used?

39. What kind of music is singing called?

# INDEX OF SONGS AND ROUNDS.

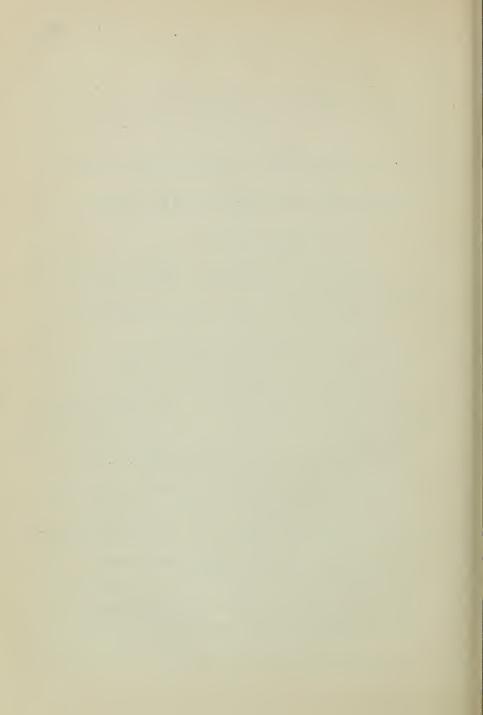
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Come out and play	70	our young brook is ungling	00	
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		Skies are bright		
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# SIXTH GRADE.

# GENERAL SUBJECTS: THREE PART MUSIC, HALF BEATS, COMPOUND TIME.

#### ORDER OF TOPICS.

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# SIXTH GRADE.

-*eccess*--

#### CHAPTER I.

THREE PART MUSIC.

KEYS C, G, F.

A piece of music written for three voices is called a Trio.

A combination of three or more notes is called a Chord.

A chord of three alternate notes is called a Triad.

The three kinds of triads in common use are Major, Minor, and Diminished.

Major triads are founded on numbers one, four, and five of the scale.

Minor triads are founded on numbers *two*, *three*, and *six* of the scale.

The diminished triad is founded on number seven of the scale. Triads may be written in three different positions.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with the vowels O, oo, &c. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound in all keys and on both clefs. Chord practice, questions in theory, Triple Trio singing.

EXPLANATORY.—For triad practice, make three divisions of the class, each division to sing the note assigned, and all ending with the chord of three notes, the whole exercise to be sung in perfect time, teacher calling the divisions as they sing.

When the class can sing well by division, number the pupils one, two, three, all around the room, the numbers to represent divisions and sing as before, finally sing with the vowel O.

Insist that the pupils shall write out dictation exercises rapidly and distinctly, using simple note heads without form or measure, in order to facilitate writing. Let there be a constant change of clef and key.

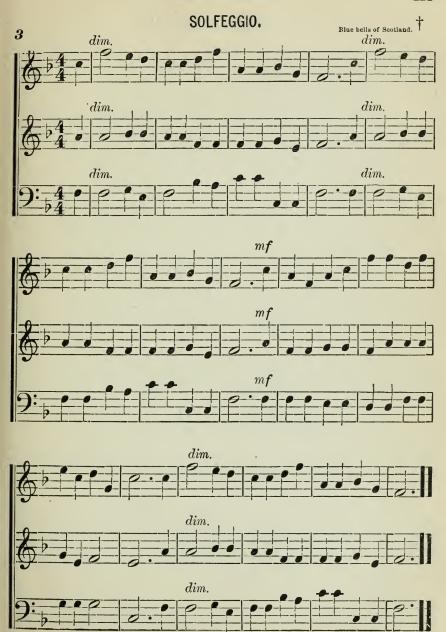
At the beginning of the year, organize the entire class into choirs of nine singers each, (*Triple Trios*) placing weak voices with strong ones; Later in the year, reduce the choirs to *Double Trios*, and at the close, organize all who can carry their parts, into *Single Trios*.

Introduce the practice of singing exercises with the syllable La.

#### CHORD PRACTICE.

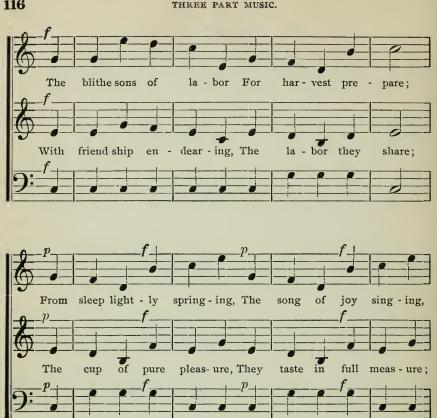
MAJOR TRIADS FOUNDED ON ONE OF THE SCALE. 1-3-5.

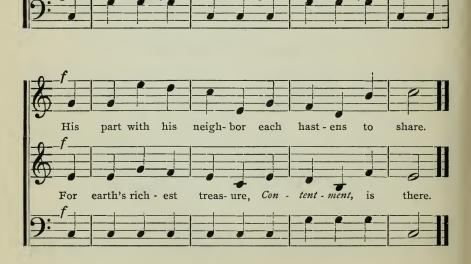








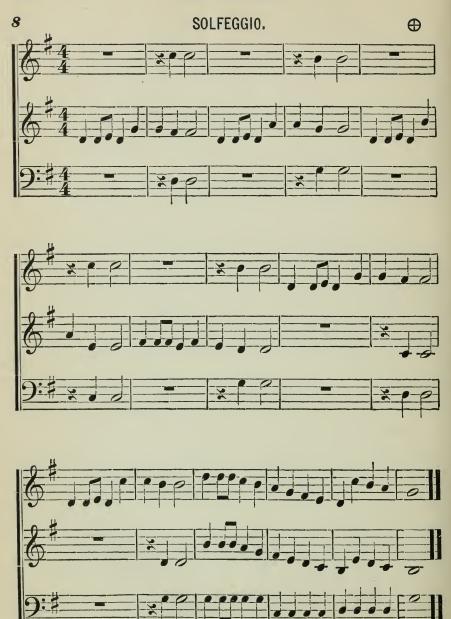


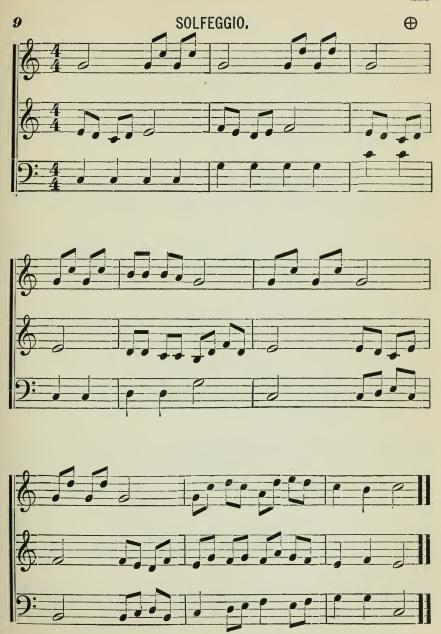














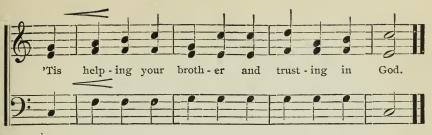














## CHAPTER II.

#### SIXTHS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

Crescendo means gradually increase the sound.

Crescendo is indicated by the abbreviation cres. or the sign .....

Diminuendo means gradually diminish the sound.

Diminuendo is indicated by the abbreviation dim or the sign

The *Swell* is a union of crescendo and diminuendo <>.

#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

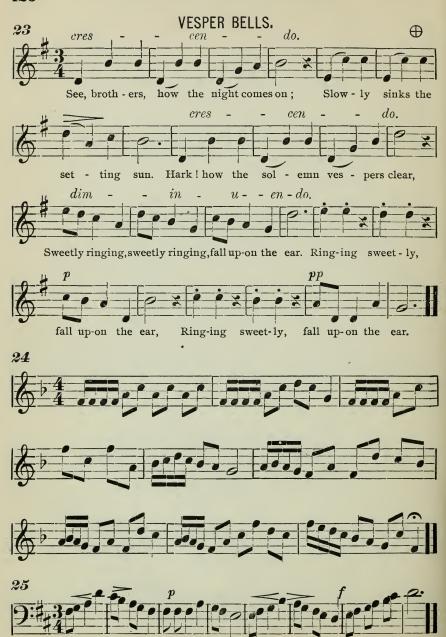
Scale intervals by number with vowels 0, oo, etc. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound in all keys on both clefs; Chord practice, questions in theory, triple trio singing.

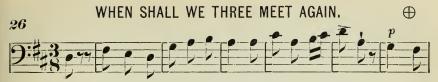
**EXPLANATORY.**—Introduce practice with the *swell* as indicated in the scale exercise below, also in the present and future chapters. Let the practice of triads be with this form of expression, using vowels as well as syllables. Use *La* with exercise.



EXERCISES.





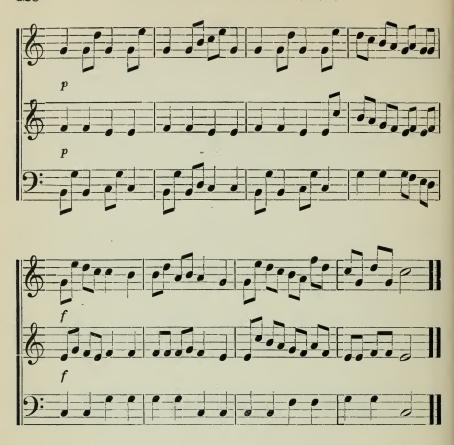


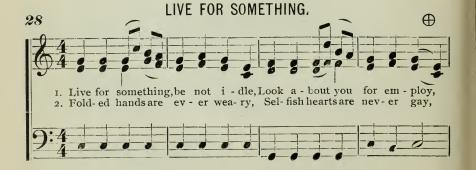
When, when shall we three meet again, In thun-der or lightning or in



rain? When the hur - ly bur - ly's done, When the bat-tle's lost or won.













## CHAPTER III.

THREE PART MUSIC.

KEYS OF D AND BD.

Sforzando means suddenly loud.

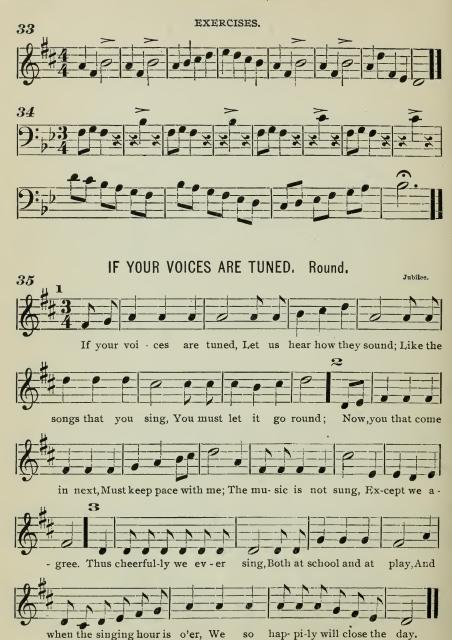
Sforzando is indicated by the letters sfz, or the signs >,  $\land$ , <.

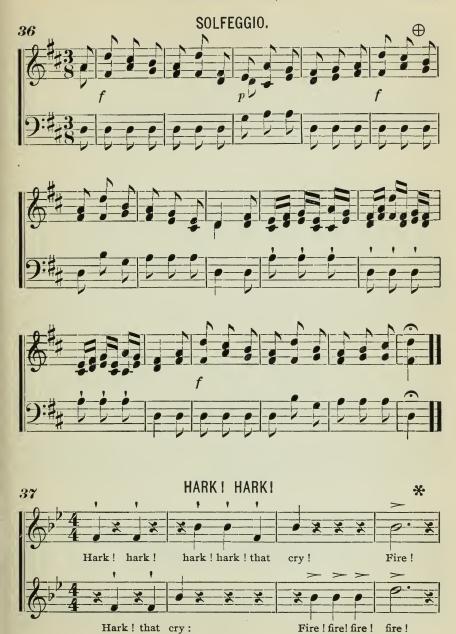
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with vowels O, Oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys, on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, triple trio singing.

EXPLANATORY.—Introduce practice with the Sforzando mark as indicated in the scale exercise below; use all expression marks with care; use La with exercises.

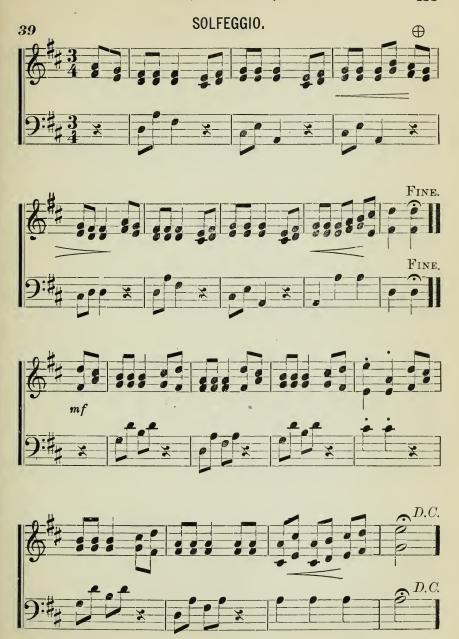


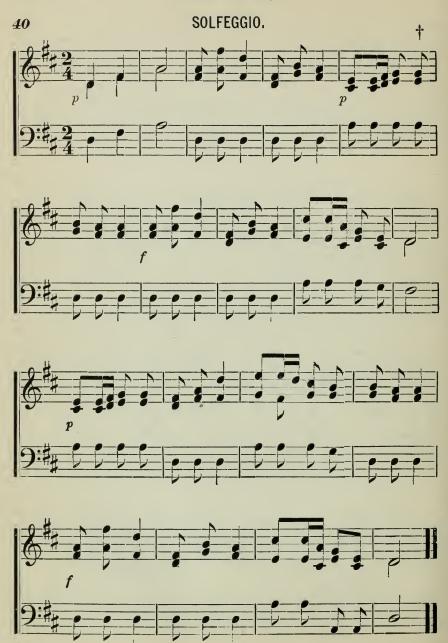




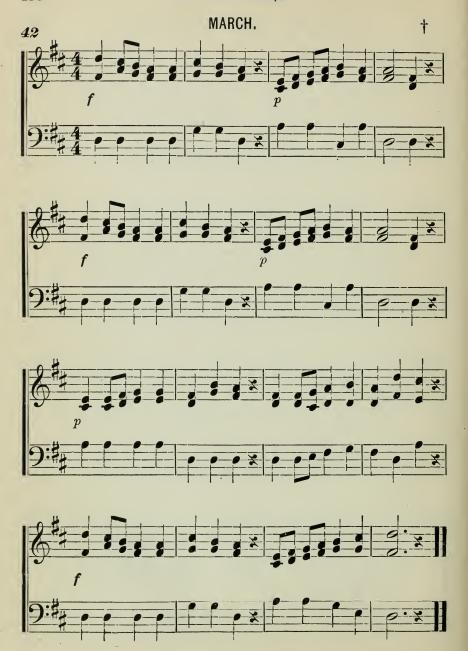




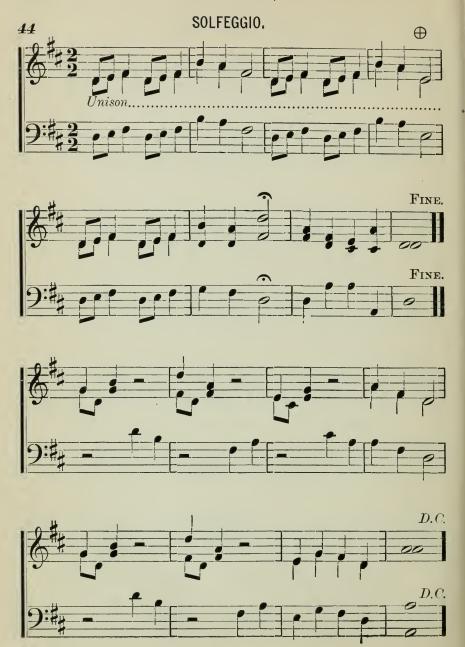












### CHAPTER IV.

HALF BEATS.

#### DOTTED HALF NOTES AND RESTS.

When half notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, quarter notes and rests receive one half beat.

When half notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, dotted half notes and rests receive one beat and a half.

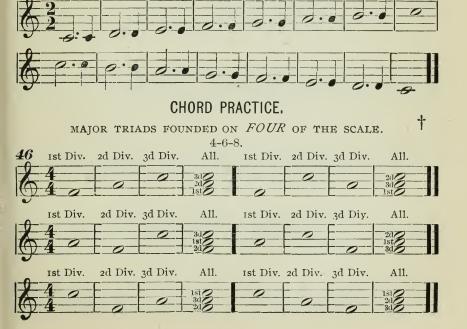
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE. .

Scale intervals by number, with vowels O, oo &c., dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, triple trio singing.

EXPLANATORY.—Sing the scale exercise, and the  $\frac{2}{2}$  exercises which follow, in rapid quadruple time at first, then change to double time, singing equally fast while beating much slower; Continue this practice until the time of the half beat is thoroughly understood. Chord practice as heretofore, use La with exercises.

SCALE EXERCISE FOR PRACTICE WITH HALF NOTES.

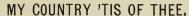
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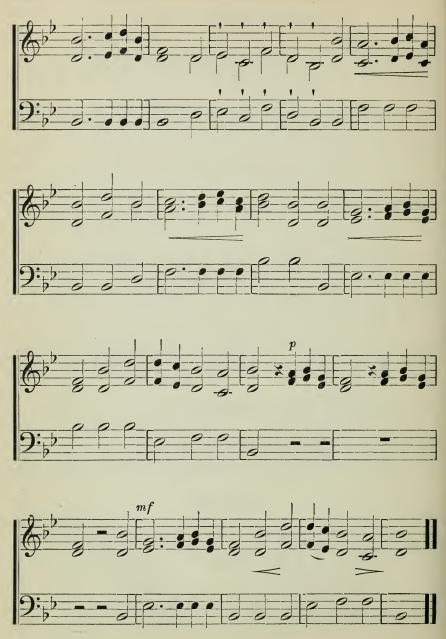


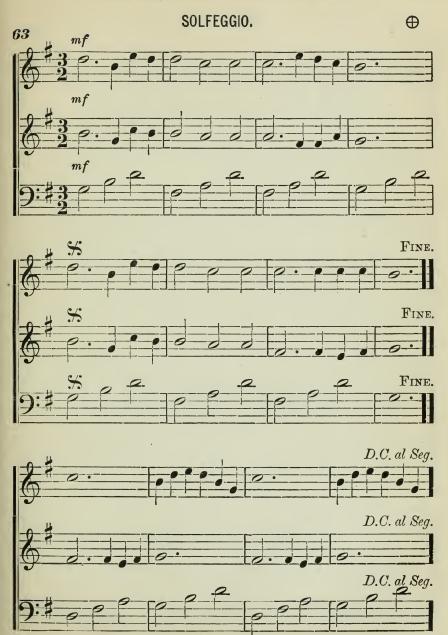




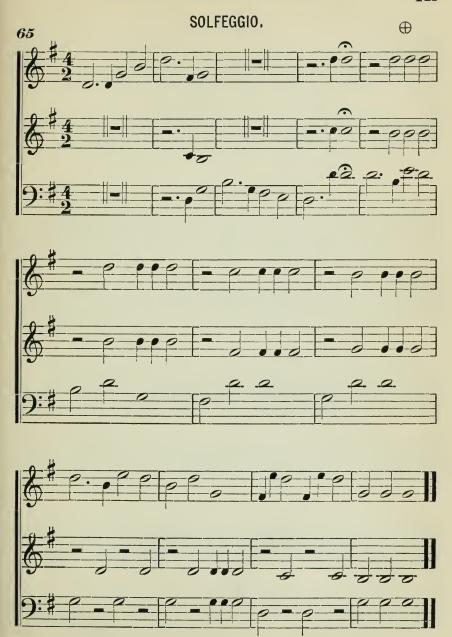


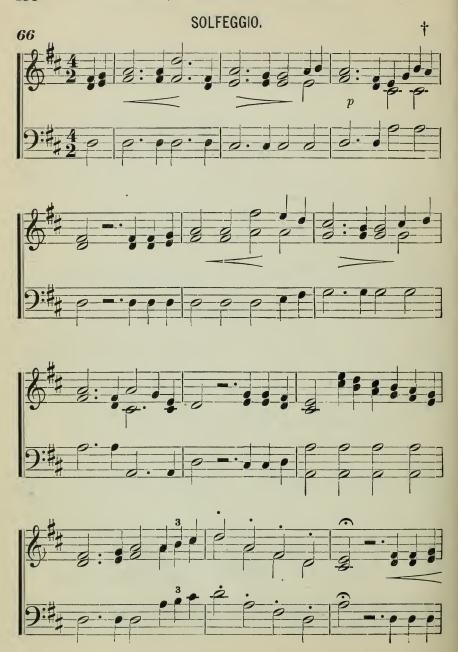




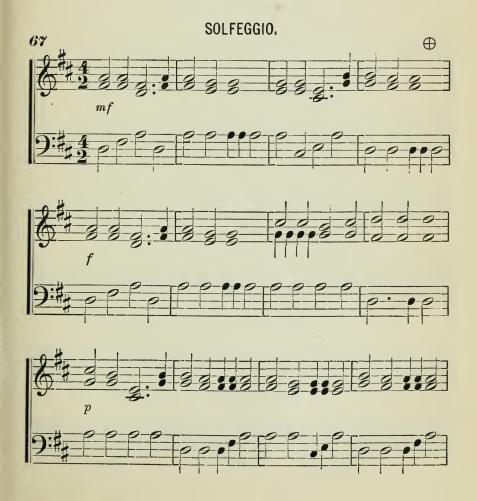


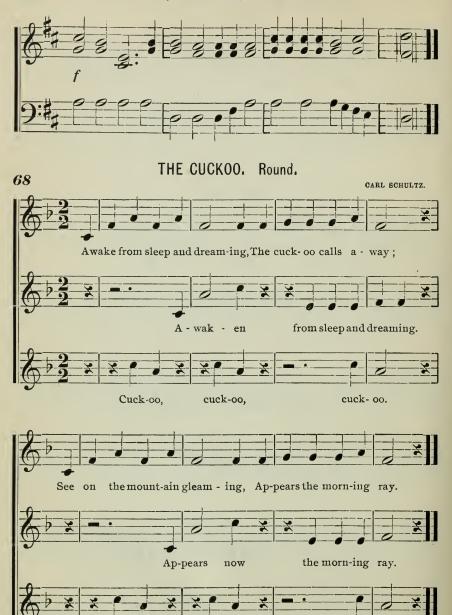












cuck-oo,

Cuck- oo,

cuck- oo.

# CHAPTER V.

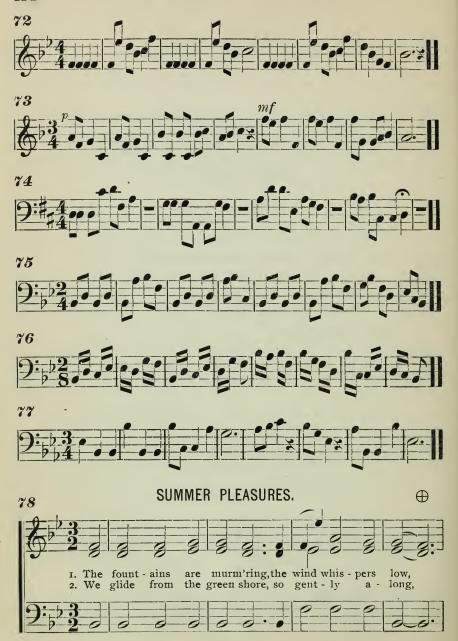
SEVENTHS WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

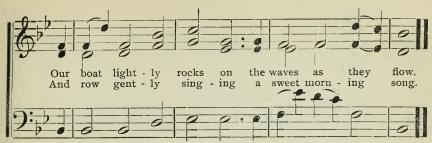
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with vowels O, Oo, &c., dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, triple trio singing.





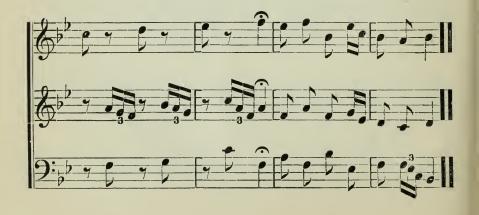


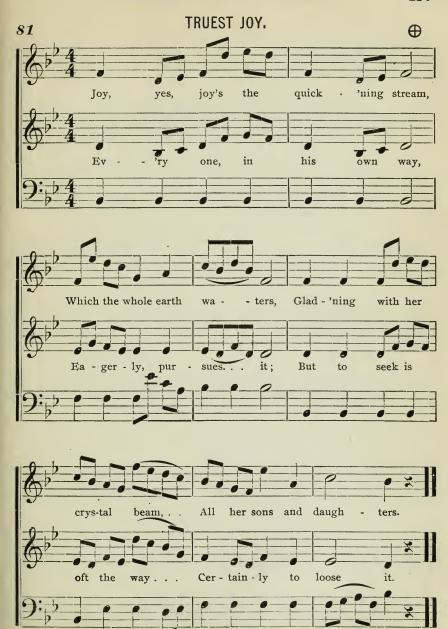
























### CHAPTER VI

THREE PART MUSIC.

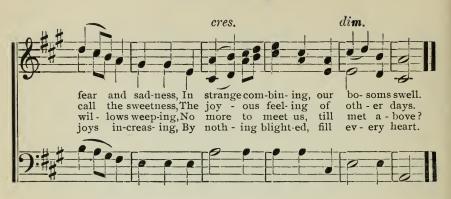
KEYS OF A AND E.

#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

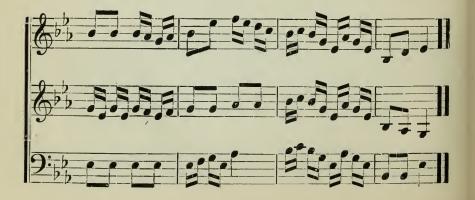
Scale intervals by number, with vowel O, oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, double trio singing.









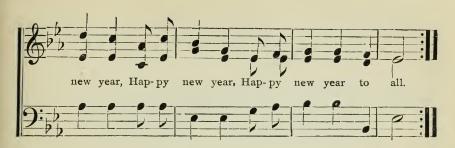






Happy new year

to all.



















## CHAPTER VII.

HALF BEATS.

DOTTED QUARTER NOTES AND RESTS.

When quarter notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, eighth notes and rests receive one half beat.

When quarter notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, dotted quarter notes and rests receive one beat and a half.

#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE

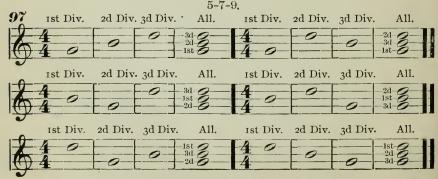
Scale intervals by number, with the vowels O, oo, &c. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys and on both clefs. Chord practice, questions in theory, double trio singing.

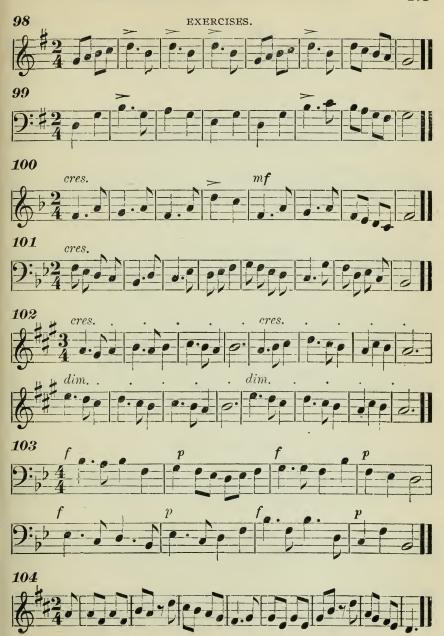
EXPLANATORY.—Sing the scale exercise and the 4 exercises which follow in rapid quadruple time at first, then change to double time, singing equally fast while beating much slower; continue this practice until the time of the half beat is thoroughly understood. Chord practice as heretofore; continue practice of exercises with La.



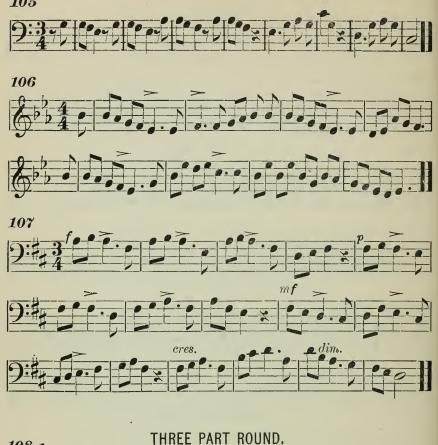
### CHORD PRACTICE,

MAJOR TRIADS FOUNDED ON FIVE OF THE SCALE.





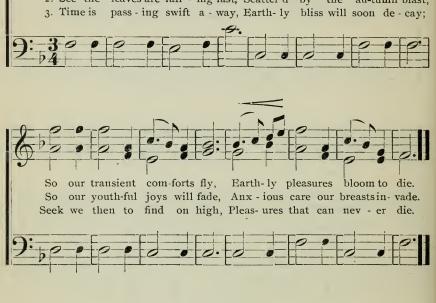








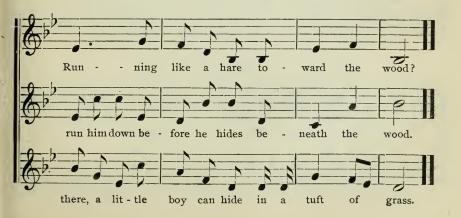




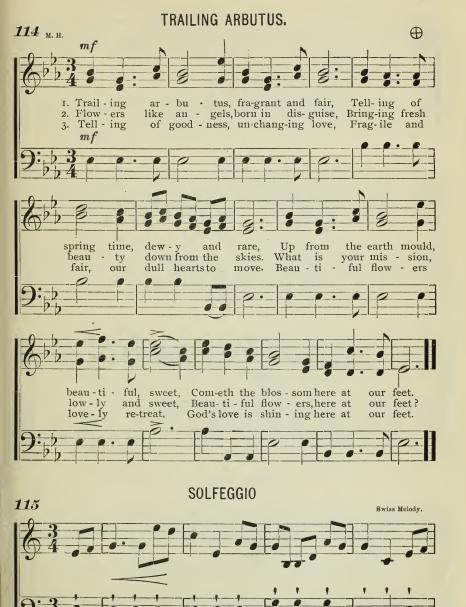


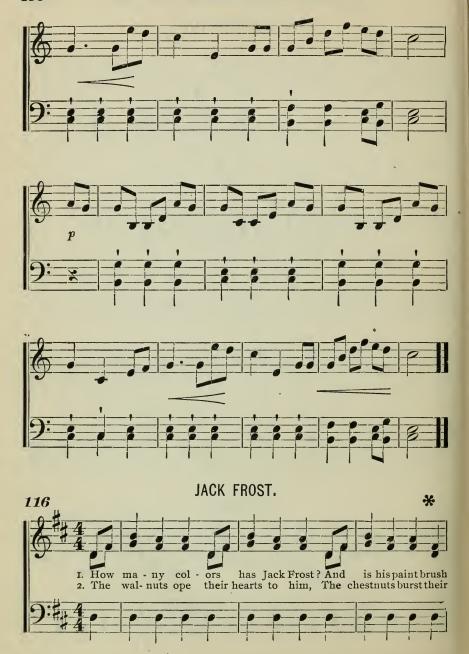




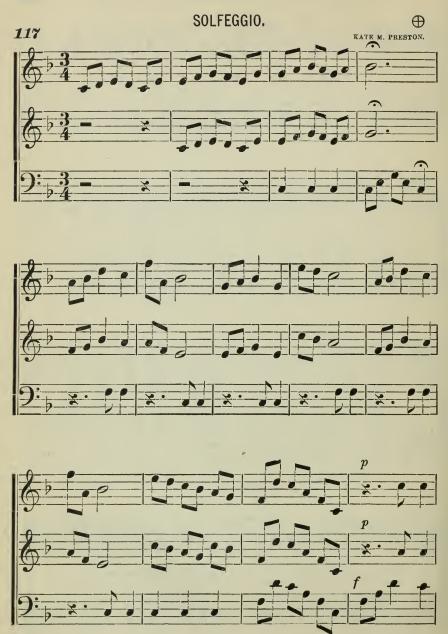


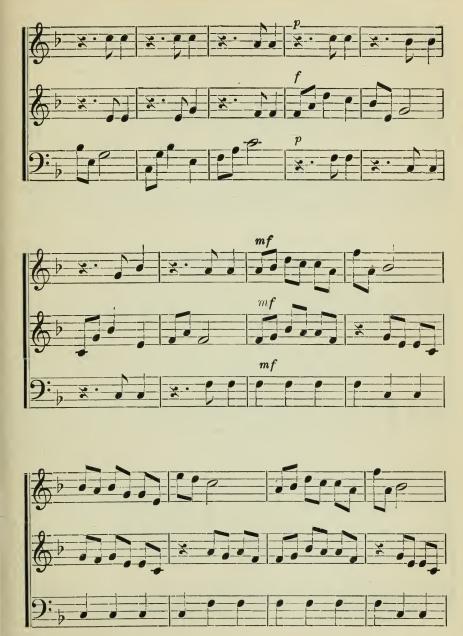


















## CHAPTER VIII.

COMPOUND MEASURE, DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Compound measures of time are written with a triplet or its equivalent to each part of the measure,

The time of compound measure is usually indicated by one beat to each triplet.

In slow movements, the time of compound measure may be indicated by one beat to each note of the triplet.

Compound measure is accented on the first note of every triplet.

The varieties  $\frac{6}{4}$  and  $\frac{6}{8}$  may be designated as double varieties of compound measure.

The varieties of  $\frac{9}{4}$  and  $\frac{9}{8}$  may be designated as *triple varieties* of compound measure.

The varieties  $\frac{12}{4}$  and  $\frac{12}{8}$  may be designated as quadruple varieties of compound measure.

When the lower figure is 4, the following notes may receive one beat of the measure, three quarter notes??, one half and one quarter note?, one dotted half note?.

When the lower figure is 8, the following notes may receive one beat of the measure, three eighth notes  $\{ \} \{ \} \}$ , one quarter and one eighth note  $\{ \} \{ \} \}$ , one dotted quarter note  $\{ \} \{ \} \}$ .

## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with vowels O, Oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys, on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, double trio singing.

EXPLANATORY.—Place the following exercise on the blank part of the board and sing with  ${\it La.}$ 

# 

Let the teacher sing it through, giving six beats to the measure, (down, down, left, right, up, up,)

Explain that it is sometimes called Sextuple measure.

Repeat the exercise in rapid time.

Explain that it would be impracticable for the whole class to keep together beating rapidly, hence the necessity for reducing the measure to two beats.

Class look through the exercise with the teacher, indicating what notes shall be given to each beat,

Let the teacher call particular attention to the third measure as being the only difficult measure to sing in double time.

Class sing the exercise through several times.

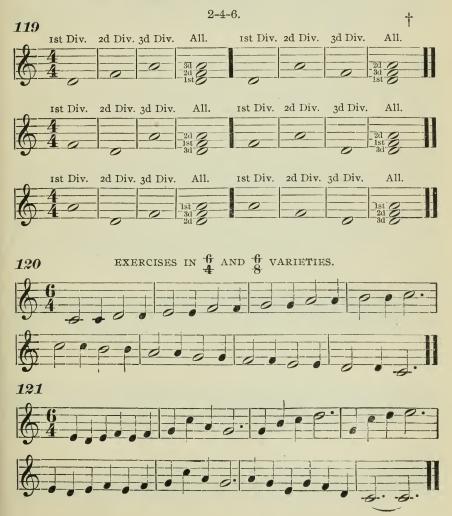
Sing the third measure by itself several times in succession, ending with the last two measures.

Each of the following exercises to be read by letter and sung with syllables

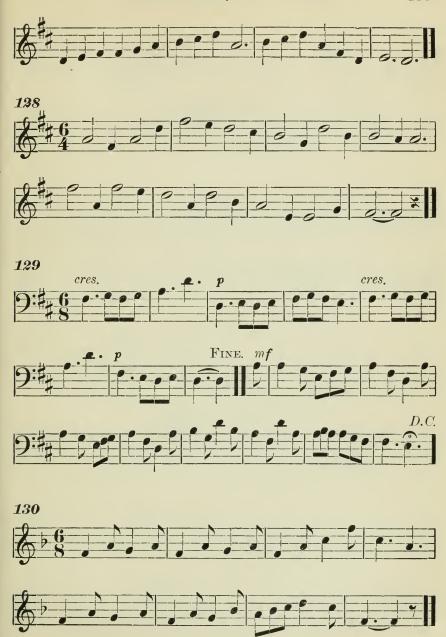
and La.

## CHORD PRACTICE.

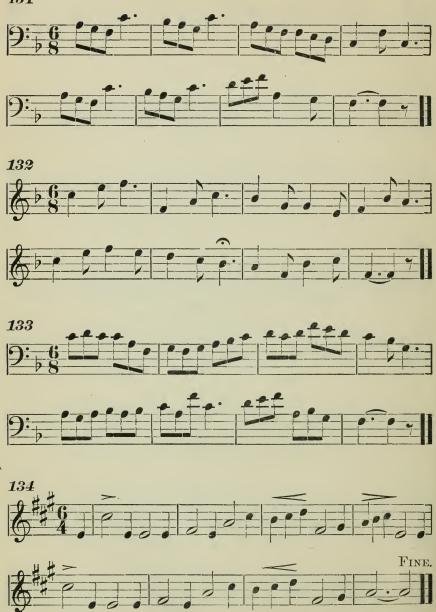
MINOR TRIADS FOUNDED ON TWO OF THE SCALE.

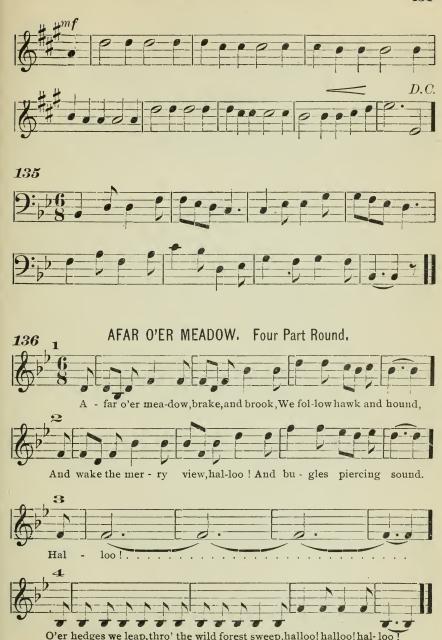




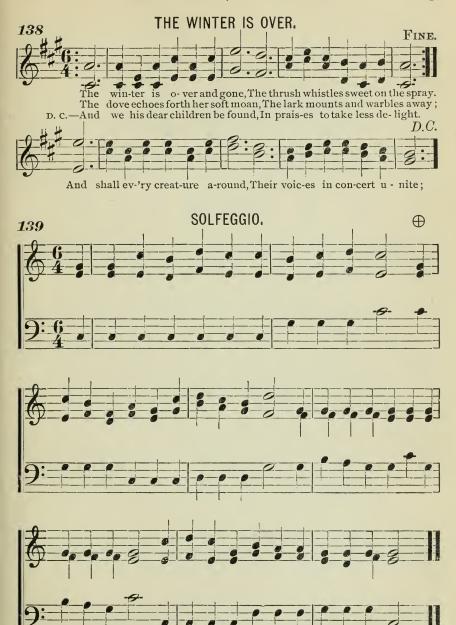


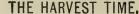


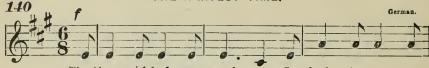












- I. Thro'lanes with hedgerows pearl y, Go forth the reap ers
   At noon they leave the mead ow, Be neath the friend ly
- 3. And when the west is burn ing, From shav en field re



ear - ly, A - mong the yel - low corn, shad - ow Of mon - arch oak to dine, turn - ing, Up - on the train they come,



the yel-low Good luck be - tide A - mong corn; Of mon . arch oak to dine; And 'mid his branch - es the train they come; When all their ham - let Up - on



shear - ing, win • For ter now is near - ing, And hoar - y, Goes up the thank - ful sto The ry, neigh - bors, Re - joice to end their la With bors,



we must fill the barn, . . And we must fill the barn. har - vest is so fine, . . The har - vest is so fine. mer - ry har-vest home, . With mer - ry har - vest home.

















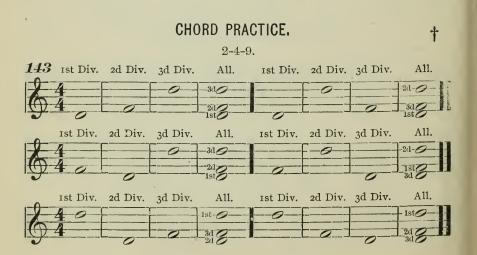
## CHAPTER IX.

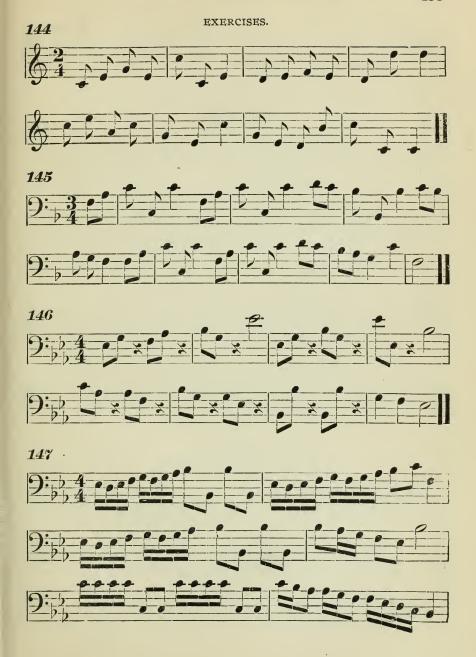
-ama-

OCTAVES WITH TWO NOTES TO THE BEAT.

#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

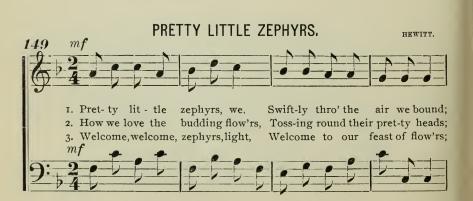
Scale intervals by number with vowels 0, oo, etc. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs. Chord practice, questions in theory, double trio singing.



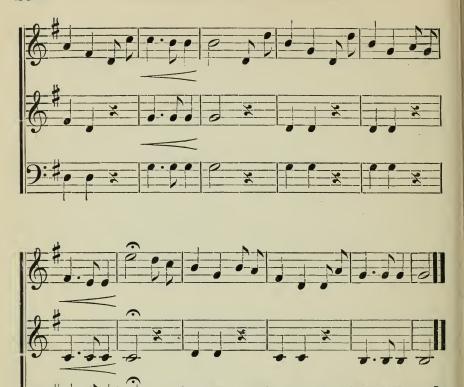


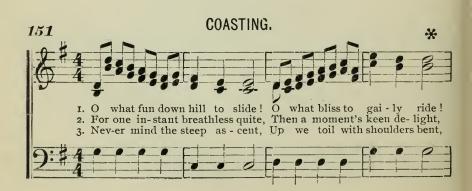


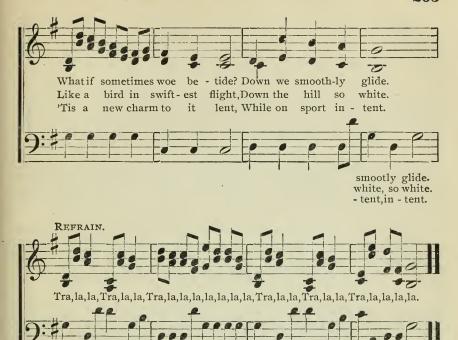




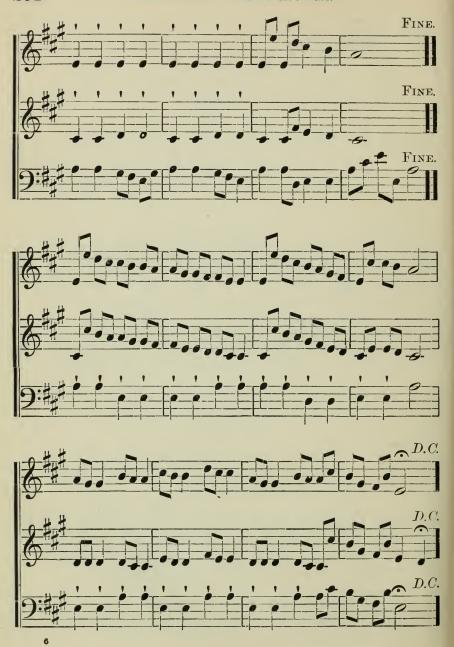












## CHAPTER X.

HALF BEATS.

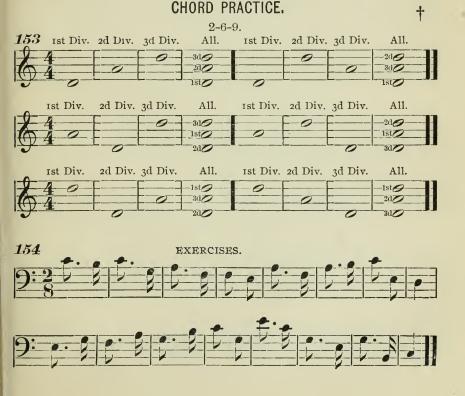
#### DOTTED EIGHTH NOTES AND RESTS.

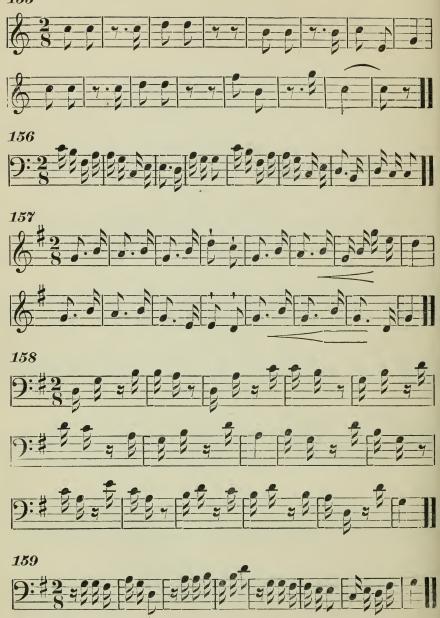
When eighth notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, sixteenth notes and rests receive one half beat.

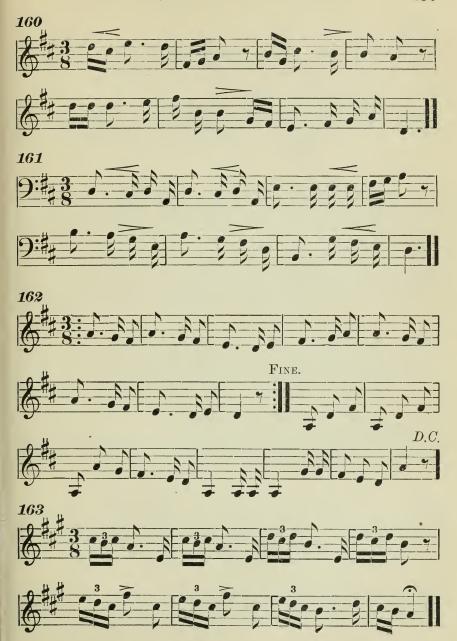
When eighth notes and rests receive one beat of the measure, dotted eighth notes and rests receive one beat and a half.

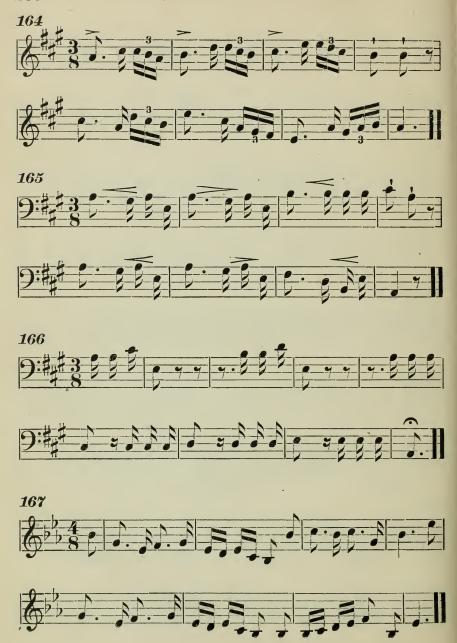
## GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with vowels 0, oo &c., dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, double trio singing.

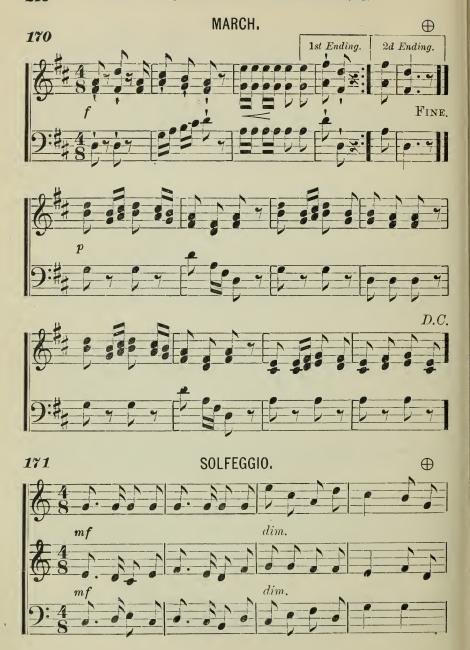


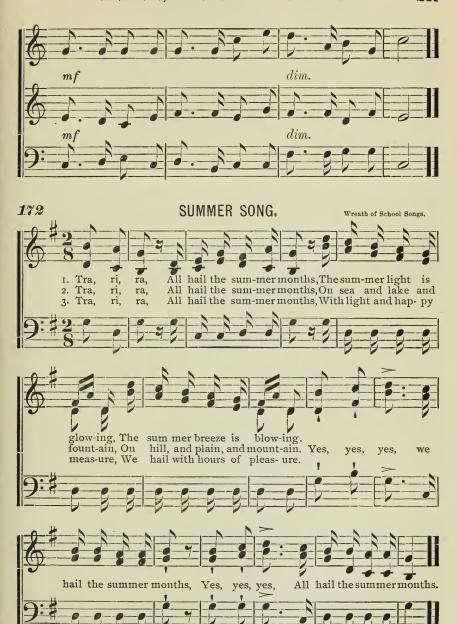


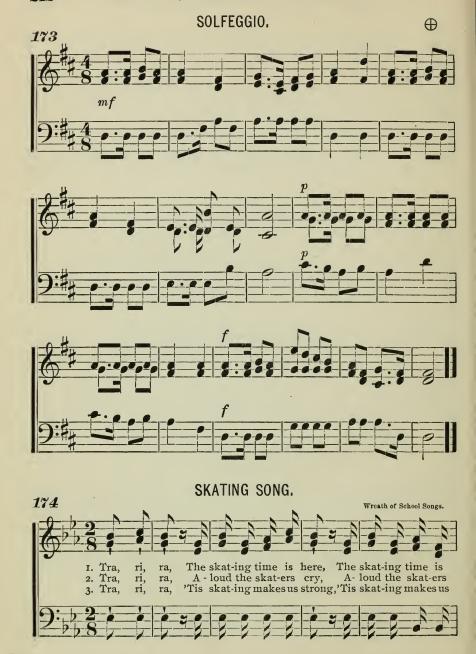






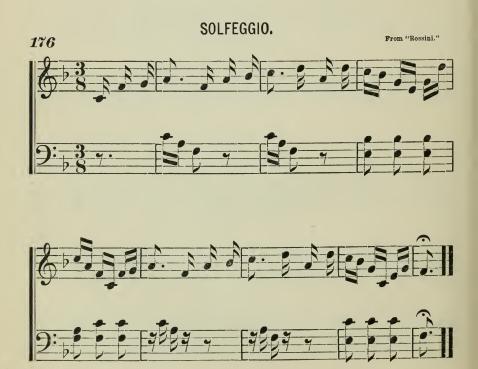


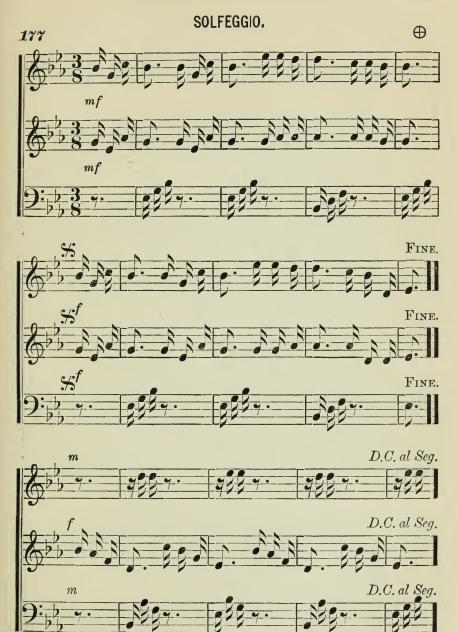




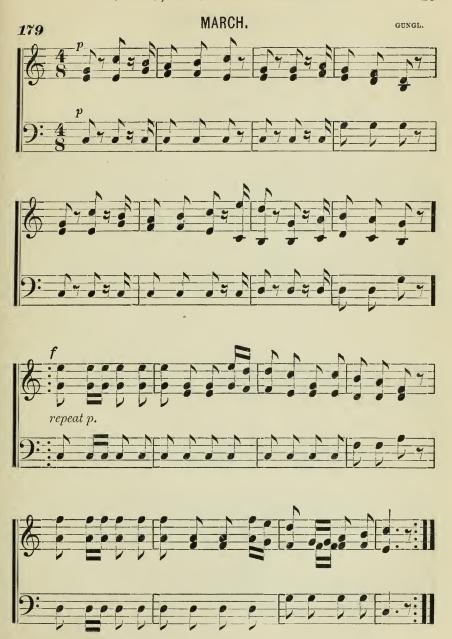






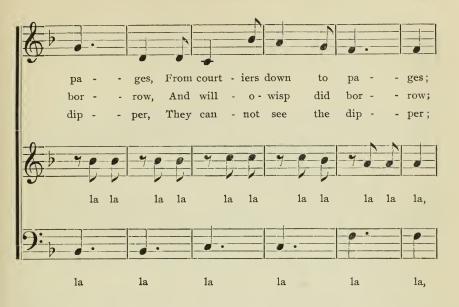




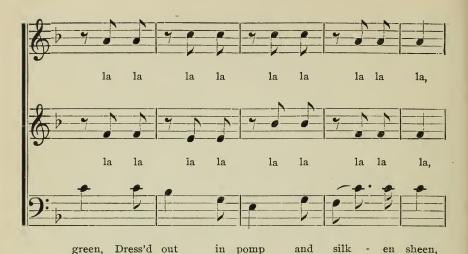




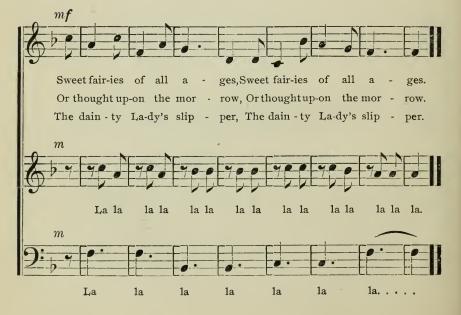








feast, No one was stint - ed in the least,
- fright, Leav - ing be - hind them in their flight,



## CHAPTER XI.

COMPOUND MEASURE.

TRIPLE VARIETIES.

### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number, with vowel O, oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, single trio singing.

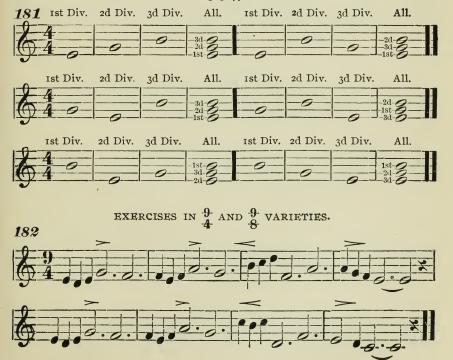
EXPLANATORY.—In commencing single trio practice, select easy rounds and the least difficult three part exercises to be found in the book. Continue the practice of exercises with La.

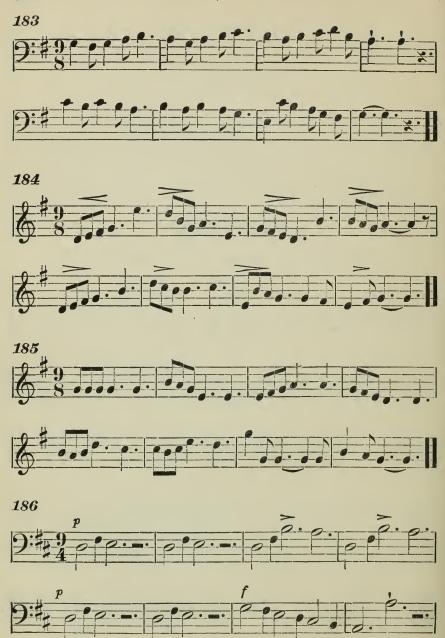
### CHORD PRACTICE.

†

MINOR TRIADS FOUNDED ON THREE OF THE SCALE.

3-5-7.





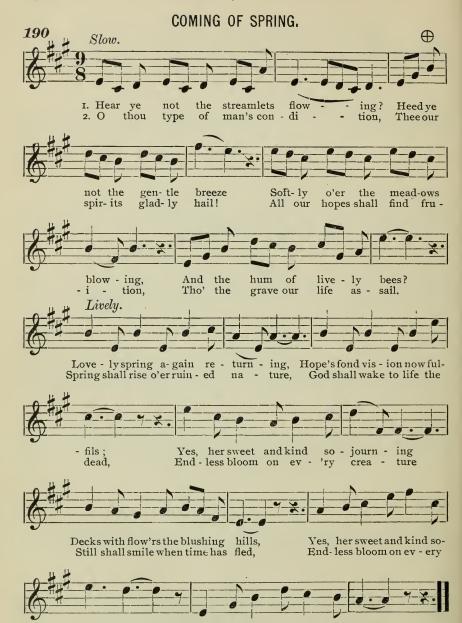


- journ

crea

ing

ture



Decks with flow'rs the blush-ing hills.

Still shall smile when time has fled.

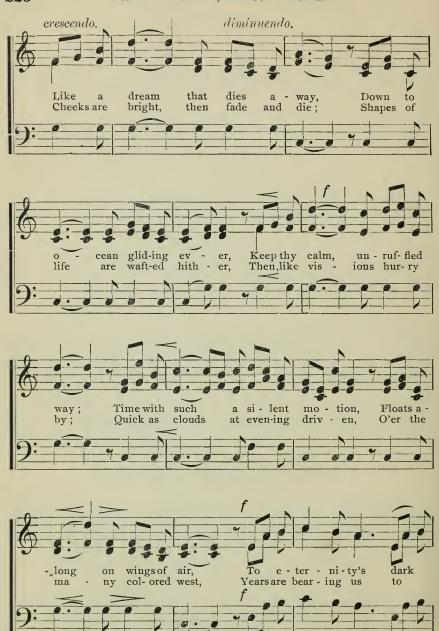


I. Faint - ly 2. Ro - ses now, bloom,

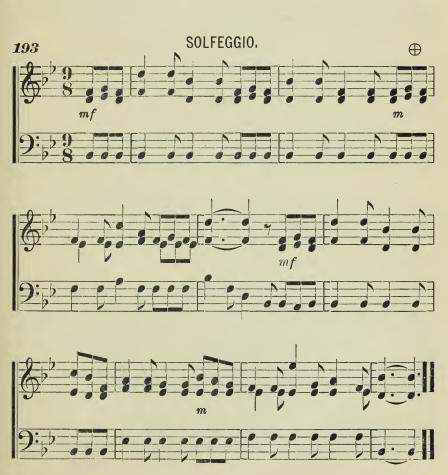
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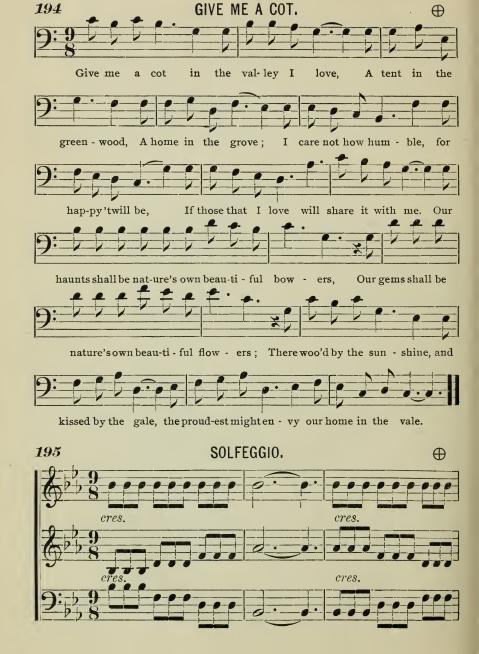
and

fall - ing then they













# CHAPTER XII.

-*BITTED*-

DOTTED QUARTERS AND EIGHTHS TO THE BEAT.

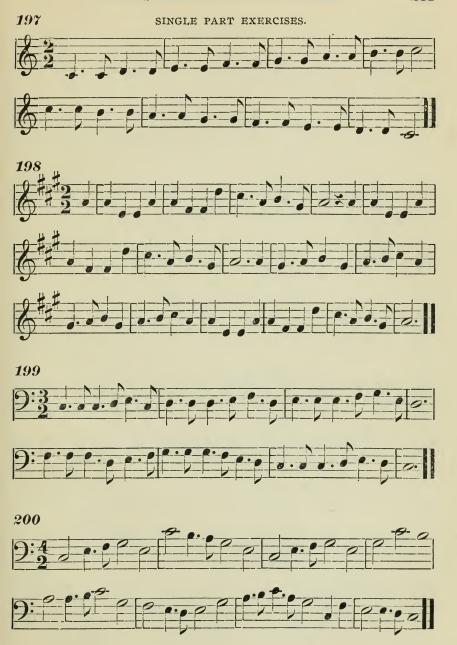
### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE

Scale intervals by number, with the vowels O, oo, &c. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys and on both clefs. Chord practice, questions in theory, trio singing.

### CHORD PRACTICE.

3-5-10.









# 206 MERRILY EVERY HEART IS BOUNDING.



Mer-ri-ly ev-'ry heart is bounding, Merrily O, merrily O,
 Cheerily ev-'ry face is beaming, Cheerily O, cheerily O,

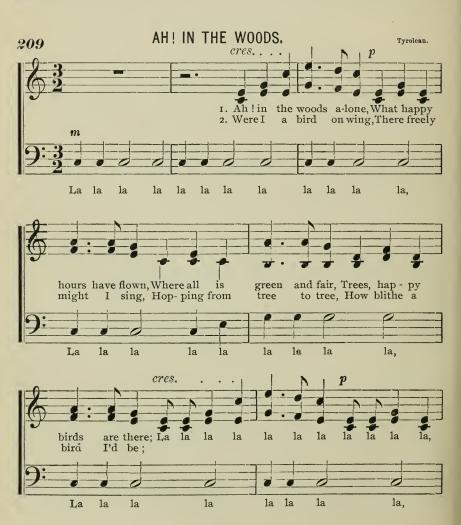


Joy-ful-ly now the news is sound - ing, Joy-ful-ly O, joy-ful-ly Play-ful-ly ev - 'ry eye is gleam - ing, Playful-ly O, playful-ly

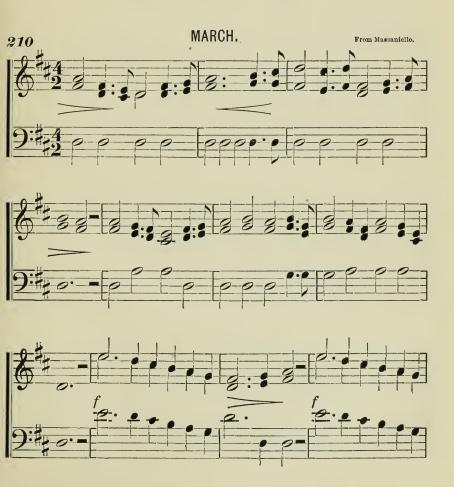


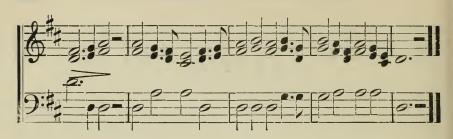












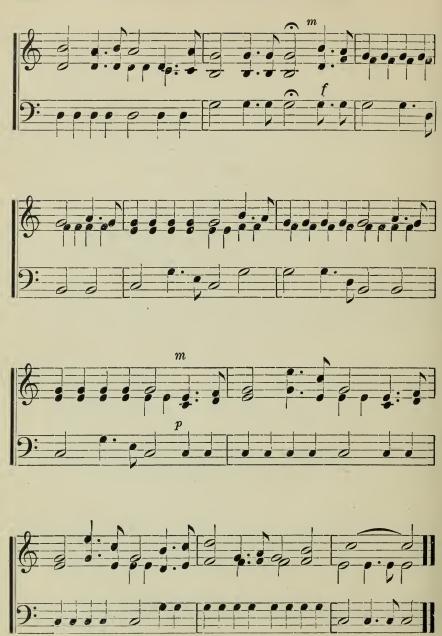












# CHAPTER XIII.

#### DOUBLE DOTTED NOTES AND RESTS.

The time of dotted notes and rests may be lengthened by the addition of a second dot.

The second dot lengthens the time one half the value of the first dot.

A double dotted whole note  $(\circ \cdots)$  is equal in time to a whole, half, and quarter note  $(\circ \circ )$ .

A double dotted half note ( $\mathcal{C}^{\bullet,\bullet}$ ) is equal in time to a half, quarter, and eighth note ( $\mathcal{C}^{\bullet,\bullet}$ ).

A double dotted quarter note ( $f^{**}$ ) is equal in time to a quarter, eighth, and sixteenth note ( $f^{*}$ ,  $f^{*}$ ).

A double dotted half rest  $(=\cdot\cdot)$  is equal in time to a half, quarter, and eighth rest  $(=\times,7)$ .

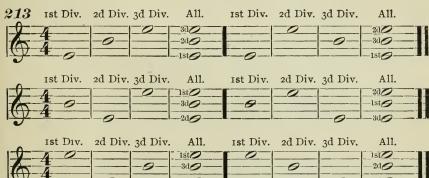
A double dotted quarter rest  $(x \cdot \cdot)$  is equal in time to a quarter, eighth, and sixteenth rest  $(x \cdot 7)$ .

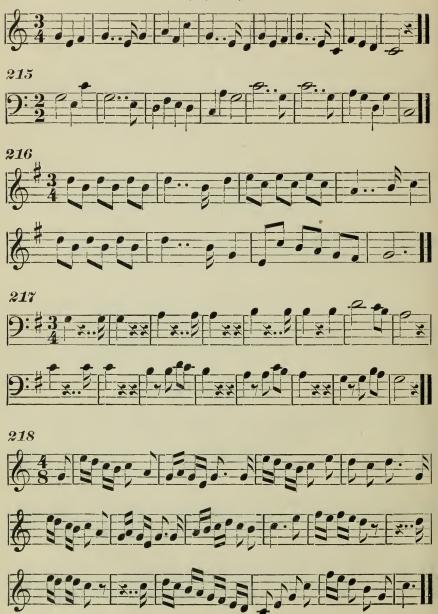
### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

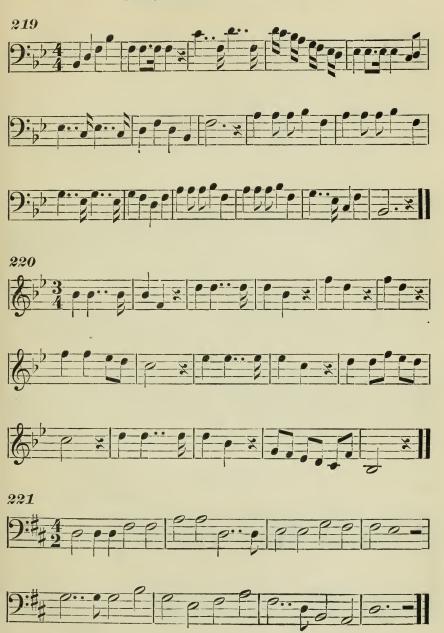
Scale intervals by number, with vowels, O, oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys, on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, trio singing.

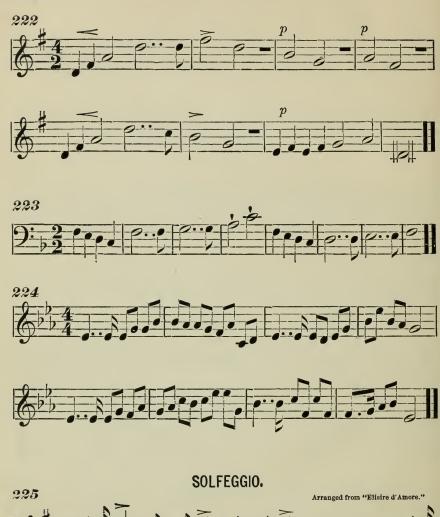
## CHORD PRACTICE.

3-7-10.

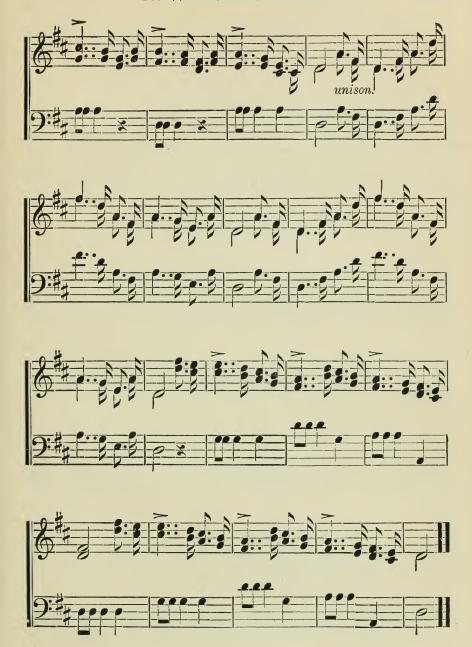












## CHAPTER XIV.

DOTTED EIGHTHS AND SIXTEENTHS TO THE BEAT.

#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

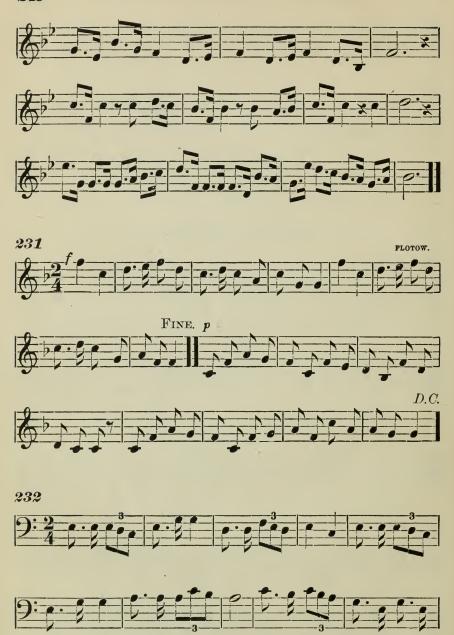
Scale intervals by number, with vowels O, Oo, &c, dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys, on both clefs, chord practice, questions in theory, trio singing.

#### CHORD PRACTICE.

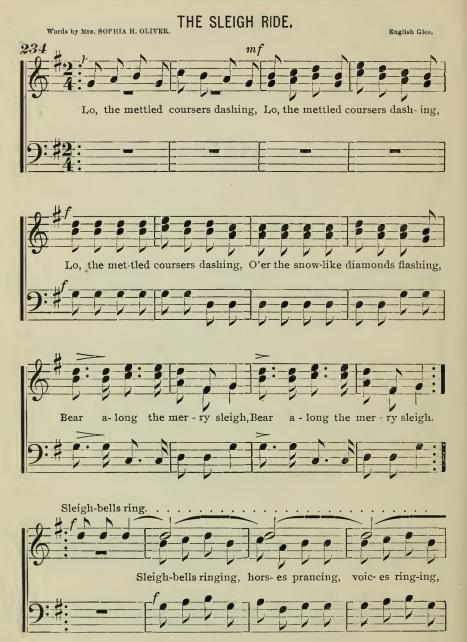
MINOR TRIADS FOUNDED ON SIX OF THE SCALE.

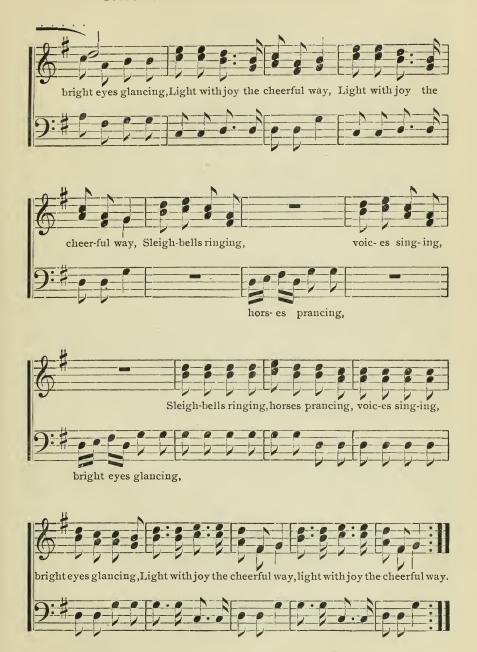
6-8-10. 2d Div. 3d Div. A11. 1st Div. 2d Div. 3d Div. 1st Div. 2d Div. 3d Div. A11. 1st Div. 2d Div. 3d Div. All. 1st Div. 2d Div. 3d Div. 1st Div. 2d Div. 3d Div. 

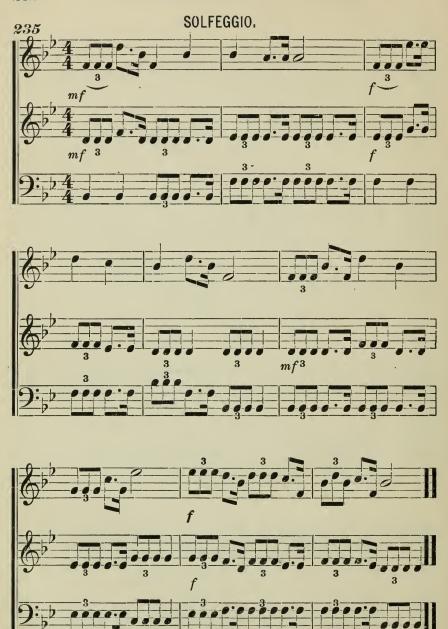


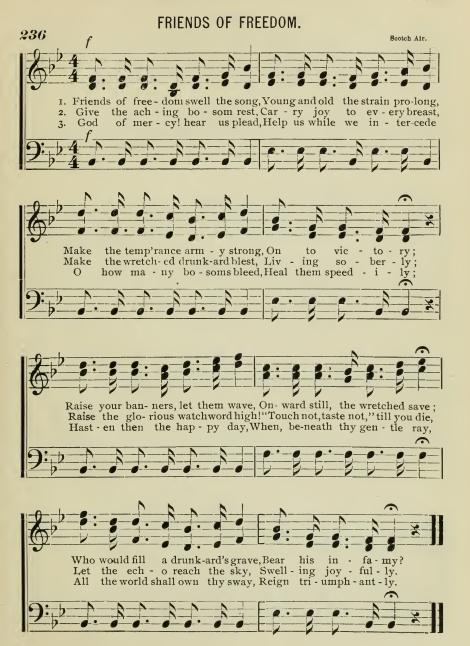


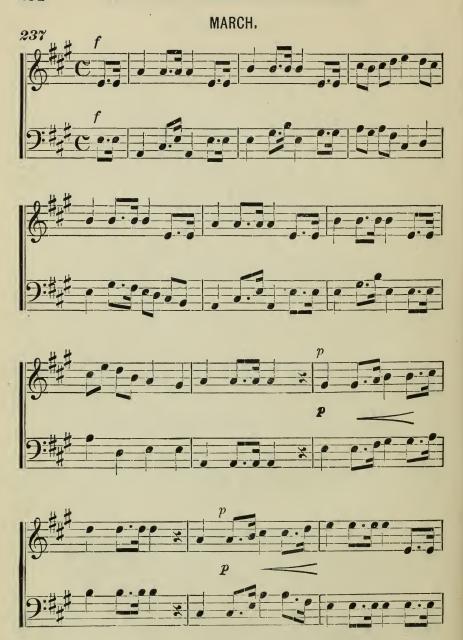














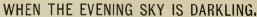












When the ev'n - ing sky is darkling, When the ev'n-ing star is sparkling, When the peace - ful woods are ringing, When the night-ingale is sing-ing,

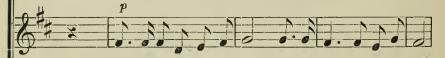


When the ev'ning sky is darkling, When the ev'ning star is sparkling, When the peaceful woods are ringing, When the nightingale is singing,



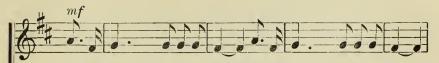


When the glow - ing sun is set And the dew - y lawn is wet,
When the wear - y cot-ters creep Homeward to their welcome sleep,



When the glowing sun is set And the dew - y lawn is wet, When the weary cot-ters creep Homeward to their welcome sleep,





When the ev'n - ing breeze is blowing, Nature's spi - cy blossoms strewing,
When the troub - les of the breast Are for - got indreamy rest,



When the ev'ning breeze is blowing, Nature's spicy blossoms strewing,
When the troubles of the breast Are forgot in dreamy rest,





Bearing sweets from ev-'ry bow-er, Then is nat-ure's sweetest hour.

Lost in slum - ber's blessed pow-er, Then is nat-ure's sweetest hour.



Bearing sweets from ev-'ry bow-er, Then is nature's sweetest hour.

Lost in slumber's blessed power, Then is nature's sweetest hour.



## CHAPTER XV.

COMPOUND MEASURE.

QUADRUPLE VARIETIES.

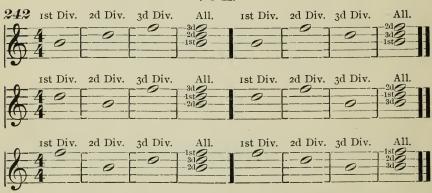
#### GENERAL EXERCISES FOR DAILY PRACTICE.

Scale intervals by number with vowels 0, oo, etc. Dictation exercises with short cadences by syllable, letter, and sound, in all keys on both clefs. Chord practice, questions in theory, trio singing.

## CHORD PRACTICE.

DIMINISHED TRIADS FOUNDED ON SEVEN OF THE SCALE.

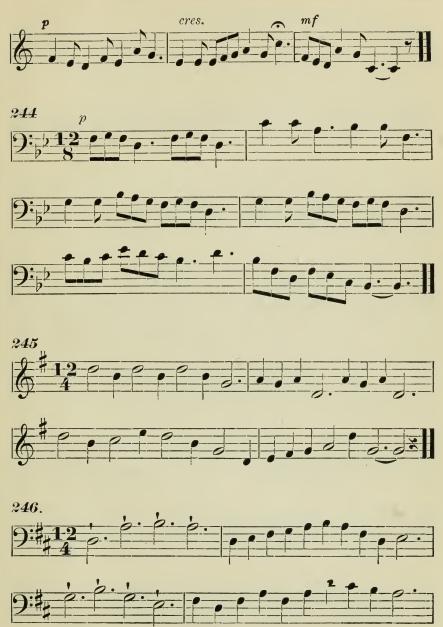
7-9-11.

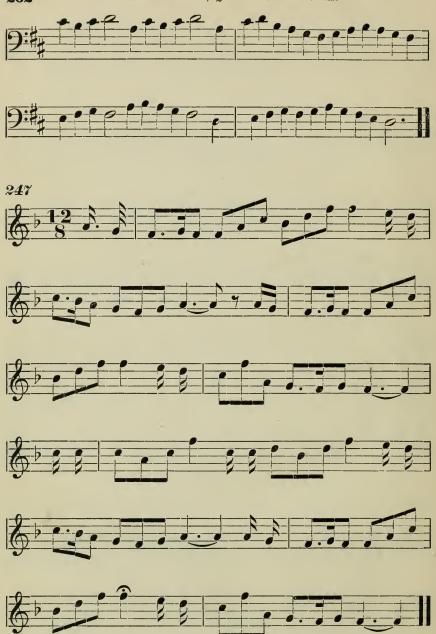


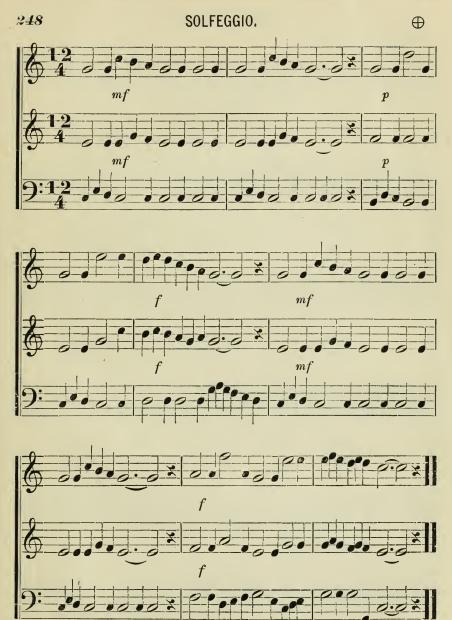
EXERCISES IN 12 AND 12 VARIETIES.

Each exercise to be read by letter, and sung with syllables, and La. 243

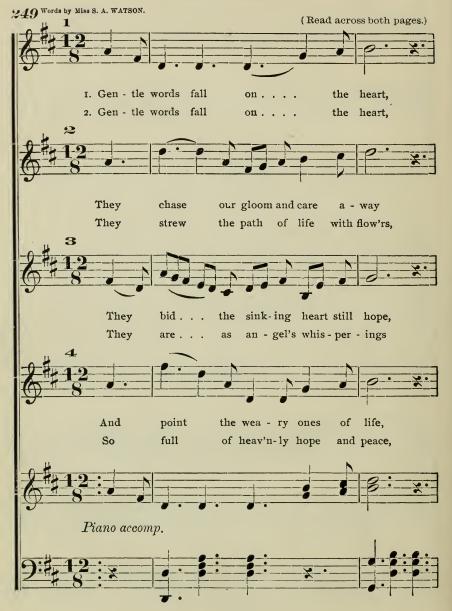








## GENTLE WORDS.

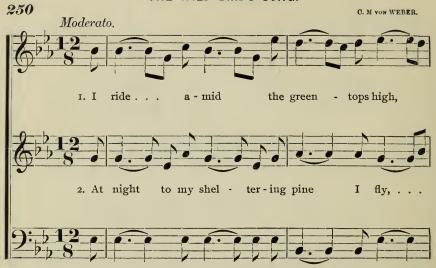


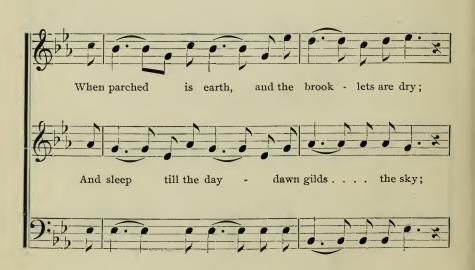
### Four Part Round.

J. BAKER.



#### THE WILD BIRDS SONG.







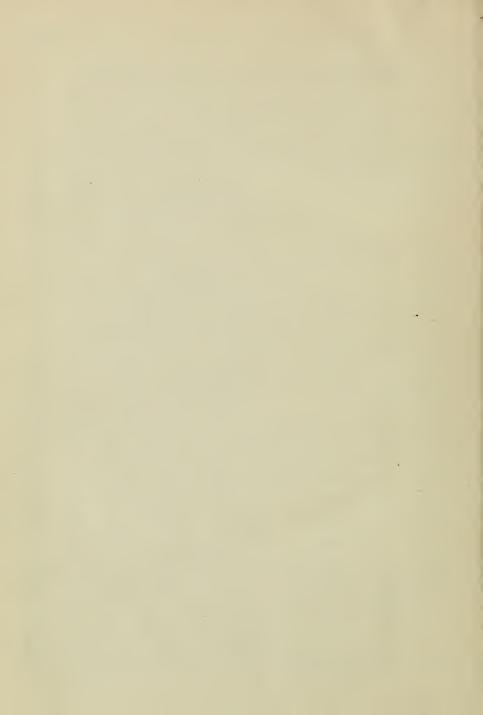




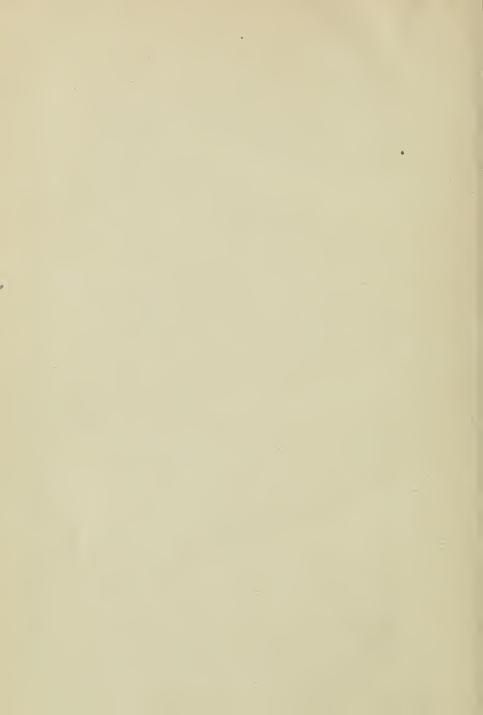
- What is a piece of music written for three voices called? 1.
- What is a combination of three or more notes called? 2.
- What is a chord of three alternate notes called? 3.
- What are the names of the three triads in common use? 4.
- On what numbers of the scale are major triads founded? 5.
- On what numbers of the scale are minor triads founded? 6
- On what number of the scale is the diminished triad founded? 7.
- In how many positions may triads be written? 8.
- What does crescendo mean? 9.
- How is crescendo indicated? 10.
- What does diminuendo mean? 11.
- 12. How is diminuendo indicated?
- What is the Swell? 13.
- What does Sforzando mean? 14.
- How is Sforzando indicated? 15.
- When half notes or rests receive one beat of the measure, 16. what do quarter notes or rests receive?
- When half notes or rests receive one beat of the measure, what do dotted half notes or rests receive? 17.
- When quarter notes or rests receive one beat of the meas-18. ure, what do eighth notes or rests receive?
- When quarter notes or rests receive one beat of the meas-19. ure, what do dotted quarter notes or rests receive?
- 20. How are compound measures of time written?
- How is the time of compound measure usually indicated? 21.
- In slow movements, how is the time of compound measure 22.indicated?
- How is compound measure accented? 23.
- Name the varieties of compound measure. 24.
- How may the varieties  $\frac{6}{4}$  and  $\frac{6}{8}$  be designated? How may the varieties  $\frac{9}{4}$  and  $\frac{9}{8}$  be designated? 25.
- 26.
- and  $\frac{12}{8}$  be designated? How may the varieties  $\frac{12}{4}$ 27.
- When the lower figure is 4, what notes may receive one beat 28. of the measure?
- 29. When the lower figure is 8, what notes may receive one beat of the measure?
- 30. When eighth notes or rests receive one beat of the measure, what do sixteenth notes or rests receive?
- When eighth notes or rests receive one beat of the measure, 31. what do dotted eighth notes or rests receive?
- 32. How may the time of dotted notes or rests be lengthened?
- 33. How much does a second dot lengthen the time?
- To what is a double dotted whole note equal? 34.
- 35. To what is a double dotted half note equal?
- 36. To what is a double dotted quarter note equal?
- To what is a double dotted half rest equal? 37.
- 38. To what is a double dotted quarter rest equal?

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